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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, APRIL 7. 1903-SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2476.

HOUSE GETS DOWN TO WORK IN LAST HALF OF SESSION

Very Strong Tendency Shown to Rush Matters on the Floor and in Committee.

House is to be credited with a fair day's work yesterday. There was the strikers. shown a disposition, at all events, to get through with something, to finish up something, and so at the latter part of the afternoon session bills were rushed along at a rate that would mean much in the way of accomplishment if the same kind of thing were to occur every day. Also, there was a tendency to make the committees work a little more speedily, and if the member who started this crusade was himself exposed as a derelict in the matter-well, "we are all pore critters." He meant to stir them up, anyway, and he naturally overlooked the to proceed by rail and travel from Holland ports to England has been mote in his own eye. It is the intention that counts, sometimes.

Of course there was a show of the freakish spirit, without some manifestation of which no session would be complete. This time it took the form of the characterization of his more fair fellow citizens by a Hawaiian member as "red faced Americans," but nobody wi'll port by train. bear him any ill-will on that account. A gentleman who contributes and the "red faced Americans" know how to take a joke as well as how

The Senate managed to get through a lot of work though only the unfinished business was cleared up. In the morning the Winston franchise was laid on the table, and is apparently dead, as the supporters of the bill refused to accept the amendments proposed by

bill through second reading despite the emphatic adverse report of the committee. There will probably be another fight upon it on third reading. It gives banks greatly enlarged powers, permitting the holding of real estate and general trust powers.

prevent the adulteration of foods and drugs. The bill providing for a commission to pass upon the claims of British subjects, and the bill providing for the publication of the United States court reports also passed third reading. Just at the close of the session Senator McCandless caused somewhat of a stir by a resolution limiting the loan issue to a million dollars but only one vote was recorded in favor of it-his own.

IN THE HOUSE.

At the opening of the session of the House yesterday, a communication was read from Secretary Carter to the effect that the Governor had signed a the manufacture and sale malt liquors within the Territory. Then there came the reading of a message from the Governor, overlooked at its proper time, transmitting a communication from the Japanese Consul relative to the position of the House upon the hack drivers' bill, which was rather in the nature of an attempt to make lot of reports from the Judiciary Com-the matter an international episode. mittee that were calculated to hold the the matter an international episode. The letter of the consul, which showed that the Japs had invested largely in their backs, and hauled Japanese passengers, anyhow, for the most part, was laid on the table, on motion of Chillingworth. And that was the answer of the House to Japan.

Harris presented a petition from the Associated Charities asking for an appropriation of \$2500 annually for the purpose of carrying on the work of the ociety, whose methods were explained at length. The petition was signed by Governor Dole as president of the Association and by the heads of all the charitable bodies of the city. The petition caused a lot of discussion, on motions to reject and to refer to the Fi-nance Committee. Fernandez said that the Organic Act forbade the granting of money to a sectarian organization, and Pulaa wanted to know if the red faced Americans would be included in the benefits of the appro-priations asked for.

AMERICANS OF ALL COLORS.

Harris got up to say that the Associated Charities was most emphatically not a sectarian body. "If it had been," he said, "I would not have presented this petition to the House.

from hearsay. There was a Hawaiian society in this organization, he said, and he was going on to tell of an instance when he had been a witness of the good work of the Associated Charities. He was doing it at some length. when Paele called him to order on the point that a petition could only be referred, under the rules, and he had moved to refer this to the Finance

Then the Speaker ruled that the motion to reject was out of order, and referred the petition to the Finance Kumalae thought the Committee. Speaker could not do that, and so Knudsen, who was in the chair, put the motion to refer and it was car-

A petition to license engineers was referred to the Miscellaneous Commit-Jaeger had gone out while the petitioning was going on and when

there was a lull the Speaker requested the Sergeant-at-Arms to go out and fetch him in. "He told me he bad something to present," said Knudsen, "and asked me to give him a chance. It is up to him." What Jaeger wanted was to introduce a bill—and he didn't number of bills, among them that to get it introduced, at that time, because the order passed to reports of standing rolls

ANDRADE'S MANY REPORTS.

Kellinol, from the Public Improve ments Committee, reported against the bill to abolish the Olaa forest reservation. Adopted. Andrade got the floor and presented a

House for a while. These reports were on a great variety of bills, but mostly measures of a legal nature, and their reading and reference proceeded. on the whole, amicably enough excepting that Kupihea, at one juncture, seconded a motion to do something with a report with which something else had already been done by the time he arose to speak to his second. The Speaker ruled that he was out of order, whereupon Kumalae leaped to his feet and said: "I would like to know, Mr. Speaker, how often you want a member to second a motion before he can be heard on it? Mr. Kupihea seconded that mo-

Knudsen did not pay a great deal of attention to this, and so the small sized storm passed over, and the reading and reference of the Judiciary Committee's reports went on. It had not been concluded at the taking of the noon recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the afternoon session the reports of standing committees continued to be public expenditures committee on vari- that he made for governor last year. ous appropriations for road building on Aylett said he supported the petition the several Islands, the resolutions with knowledge of the facts, and not asking for which have already been asking for which have already been printed, and these went to the table to be considered with the appropriation bill. Perhaps the most important was an item of \$10,000 for the Volcano road. At the conclusion of the reading of the reports, Kupihea introduced a resolution calling for a special committee of three to investigate certain leases of water right on Maul made by Governor Dole to H. P. Baldwin. Adopted.

Lewis introduced a bill to create i public park at Kona, Hawaii, Passed first reading by title. The same gentleman introduced a bill to create a public park at Hilo, which took the same

Vida introduced a bill to authorize foreclosure and sale to enforce liens of shipping companies and other comnon carriers. Passed first reading by

(Continued on page 5.)

MACEDONIANS DECLARE AND CALL OUT ALL

GREAT STRIKE TIES UP LAND AND WATER TRANSPORTATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

AMSTERDAM, Holland, April B .- The strikers' committee has proclaimed a general strike all over Holland and as a result today all water and land transportation is tied up.

In the matter of the disposition of routine matters, perhaps the numerous riots and fights with the troops which are trying to cope with The committee is most sanguine in its declarations.

The streets of Amsterdam are in the hands of cavalry and marines. Over seventeen thousand employees of the Netherlands state railways are on strike and in sympathy with them men and women employed in mines and on canal and channel steamers, have gone out today, so that the strikers now number over fifty thousand.

The mails are now being carried on motor cars. It is impossible interrupted, owing to the crews of many vessels plying across the channel joining the strikers. Crews of vessels at Flushing today refused to sail on any steamer carrying passengers which arrived at that

THE HAGUE, Holland, April 6.—Queen Wilhelmina today to the gaiety of nations even by one phrase is a public benefactor -- called out the Netherlands reserves who are to be used at once in suppressing the strike on the state railways. Soldiers have been placed on trains in order to move the transcontinental mails arriving at Holland

The present great strike in Holland started through a difference of laboring men with a Dock Company. It spread to the railway because the latter would not refuse to haul freight from the dock where In the afternoon Senator Brown succeeded in getting his bank the men were on strike. Now the water transportation laborers have joined in the strike in an effort to further cripple the railways. Troops have been moved from point to point by boats recently to cope with army. Col. Yankoff recently led a raid into Macedonia, but met with the strikers owing to the fact that trains could not be operated, but now that sailors are on strike also it is likely that the soldiers will have to Altogether nine bills passed third reading, the most important march. In addition to the railways the tramways are also tied up and donia. He is known as a blood-thirsty fighter. After separating from of which was probably the one making more stringent the law to both of these tie up the coal mines, so that there is likely to be much the central organization he was quiet for a time, but is again at the

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS)

DETROIT, Michigan, April 6.-For an off year Michigan today ed up one of the biggest Republican majorities of recent The fight was for justices of the supreme court and regents of the state university. In each instance the Republican candidate was successful

Jones Wins Again.

TOLEDO, O., April 6.-Mayor Jones was re-elected today after a campaign full of interest. He failed of nomination so ran indepen-

Samuel M. Jones, who has been re-elected Mayor of Toledo, was born in Wales in 1846, and his parents came to America three years later. His early life was one of poverty and at eighteen he secured his first employment in the oil fields of Pennsylvania and has been interested in that industry ever since. He granted "eight-hour" days to the men in the oil fields that he controlled and made a big "eight- evening and stopped here for the night. He was given a great recephour" fight in Toledo.

Four years ago a deadlock occurred in a Republican convention in Toledo. Jones' name was mentioned and he went through like a whirlwind, being later elected mayor, although opposed by the corporations and saloons.

His platform in running for office has been one favoring municipal ownership of all public utilities and no grant of new or extension of existing franchises.

Tom Johnson Victorious.

CLEVELAND, O., April 6.-Tom Johnson was re-elected submitted. There were reports from the mayor today by a fair majority. His campaign was as sensational as

> Thomas Loftin Johnson, better known as "Tom" Johnson, mayor of Cleveland, has had a unique career in the Ohio city. He has a national reputation. He is a manufacturer of steel rails, yet advocates free trade. He has made a barrel of money out of the building of shares at the Southern Pacific election. This fight between Keene street railways and operating them, yet he thinks the municipalities and Harriman has been one of the most notable in recent railroad should own such enterprises. He has amassed a fortune doing what history and involved the control of the Southern Pacific system. he thinks no private citizen should be allowed to do K a city was run as a model. He is counted as a possibility for the Democratic nomination for President for 1904.

Fleischmann Again Elected.

CINCINNATI, O., April 6.—Mayor Fleischmann was re-elected today, though by a greatly decreased plurality.

Mayor Fleischmann had to put up a big fight against M. E. zens' Ticket. His election insures the control of city politics by Cox. was considered wealthy.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS)

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 6 .- The Macedonian general committee has issued a proclamation calling for a general insurrection against the Turk. The day set for the uprising is April 20th. This action is based on the ultimatum of the three powers which was made public yesterday and the news has had the effect of creating a feeling that the spring will bring events of the gravest importance.

The proclamation calls upon all the Macedonians to fly to arms, gives assurance of aid from without and promises that the leaders of the bands now operating in the mountains, will rendezvous at a point There have been minor disturbances all over the country and which will be made known later, where the troops are to be mobilized.

> It is believed here that this call, coming when the people are told that the three great powers will intervene in the event of the Porte being unable to enforce peace, will have the effect of bringing out an army of not less than 100,000 men. This will tax the energies of the Turkish commanders now in the field, and it is reported that there will be issued an irade sending 100,000 more men to the western

SOFIA, April 6 .- After three days of heavy fighting about Salonica the Turkish forces have been able to drive back the Macedonian army. The roving bands of Macedonians combined for the struggle, and gave battle before the city, which called out a great percentage of the defending forces of the Turks, the garrison of the seaport having recently received heavy reinforcements. The Macedonians lost heavily and were compelled to fall back.

Albanian bands descended upon the town of Okhrida, situated on-the east banks of the lake of that name, captured it and proceeded to put to the sword all the Christians. There was a terrible slaughter, the people defending themselves as best they could. The revolutionists sacked the town and finally burned the Christian section.

The proclamation of the Macedonian committee was issued from Sofia which is the headquarters of that body. The present president of the committee is Mikhailovsky, by profession a schoolmaster, who took the office two years ago when Sarafoff left the place.

Gen. Tsoncheff is a major general in the reserve of the Bulgarian little support from the peasants. Sarafoff resigned his commission in the Bulgarian army for the purpose of leading an incursion into Macefront operating about Salonica.

The activity in the region of Salonica is due to the fact that the rebels would like to secure that port, so as to prevent the landing of troops and their being dispatched into the interior by the failroad. This would cut off the principal means of distribution of men that is in command of Turkey, as the other railroad line is extremely vulnerable.

VIENNA, April 6.—Doctor Lorenz, who made a sensation when he went to Chicago for the purpose of treating the daughter of Ogden Armour for malformation of the lower limbs, has been summoned to the United States again, and soon will leave for a hurried visit.

BASLE, April 6.—A general strike of the masons of the city was declared yesterday, and now more than 2,500 men are out. There have been several collisions between the workmen and the police and troops have been called out to keep the peace.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT MAKES A FULL DOZEN TALKS TO DAKOTANS

ABERDEEN, S. D., April 6.—President Roosevelt arrived this tion here this evening, being met by the governor and all state officials. The entire day was spent in the state and a round dozen of speeches were made. These covered the principal towns along the line of the railroad, and the greeting given to the chief executive was most flattering. All the members of the party are well. The President is anticipating his visit into the Yellowstone country with the greatest

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES FROM ASSOCIATED PRESS

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 6.—The Harriman interests of the Southern Pacific won a signal victory over the James R. Keene pool today by the denial by the court of Keene's application for an iujunction to prevent the Harriman Union Pacific interests voting their Keene, representing a minority of the Southern Pacific stockholders, has maintained that by virtue of the Union Pacific holding practical control of the Southern Pacific, the latter system has suffered serious

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 6.—Another sensation in connection with the Burdick mystery was sprung here today by the report that Arthur R. Pennell was a defaulter to the amount of \$200,000. Pennell, who has been charged with the murder of Burdick, and with whom Mrs. Burdick admitted improper relations, was killed in an Ingalls, railway president and capitalist, who ran for office on a Citi- automobile accident a few days after the murder. He lived well and

COUNTY BILL IS **PUT THROUGH BY** LARGE MAJORITY

Two Votes Against Measure Are Cast to Show Dissent From the House on Features of the Measure, Which Goes to Conference.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The House yesterday got through the biggest day of the session, in that it finished the third reading and secured the passage of the amended Senate county bill, which now goes back for conference, and may expect to have its fate determined very early in the coming week.

After the county bill had been disposed of, the Long Municipal bill was taken up and it third reading began. This is the bill creating the same matter, Senator Brown moved the city and county of Honolulu, but it is by no means assured that it the adoption of the report, as the Senwill go through as easily as did the County bill. In fact, it is by no means assured that it will go through at all. The members from the other islands, some of them, do not favor it, and even all the members from Oahu are not decided in their views. Whether or no, the reading of the bill will probably consume the greater portion of the time at today's session.

The Senate devoted much of the day to the consideration of the License law and there were some amendments passed, which will act as safeguards to the rights of the property owners in districts where immunity from licenses is desired. The distance from a church, which was established, is now 300 feet, and there were several changes made; some which were proposed were voted down, to the satisfaction of the anti-saloon men.

The Winston railroad franchise was taken up before the end of the session and there were some lively tilts over its provisions. The contestants were Isenberg and Achi, much of the time, and it seemed to be a drawn battle at the end. The measure was still under consideration Monday.

The same committee reported favorwhen the session ended.

IN THE HOUSE.

The House met early yesterday morning, and proceeded to clear away a lot of minor matters, new bills, petitions and reports of committees, preparatory to taking up the serious work of the day, which was the third reading of the amended Senate county bill.

Long introduced a bill, which passed first reading by title, to regulate the practice of pharmacy and the sale of drugs and poisons.

Kumalae introduced three bills, which of players be fixed as follows: took the same course, as follows: To authorize police officers to raid gam-

TOO MUCH SMOKE. Harris introduced a bill the purpose of which is to abate the smoke nui-

Sance. Passed first reading by title.
Pulaa introduced a resolution to appropriate \$5,000 for the maintenance of the two bands on Molokai. This went to the military committee. The same gentleman asked for \$10,000 for a hospital at North Kona; \$10,000 for a hospital at South Kona, and a like sum for a hospital at Kau. These resolutions went to the committee on public

Kealawaa made a speech in the course of which he said that the cemeteries about Hilo were overcrowded, and better provision for the disposition of the dead should be made. This was in support of a resolution asking that there be inserted in the loan bill a provision setting aside \$15,000 to buy land for this purpose.

Kaili wanted \$1,000 to repair the court house and jailor's cottage at Waimea, Kauai, and his application for that sum went to the public lands committee. Keliinoi introduced a bill to provide

for the purchase of wharf property by the Territory, and it passed first read-

DIMOND FRANCHISE.

The committee on agriculture submitted the following report on the application of W. W. Dimond and his associates for a gas franchise, which was adopted:

This is practically the same bill which was passed last session and through an oversight was not signed by the Governor. Your committee understands that at least two-thirds of the capital will be put up by local men and the remainder may be taken up by out-The intention of those asking for this franchise is to make this a local by the following vote: concern as far as possible. This is not, therefore, a foreign coimpany as some may infer from arguments advance 1 by those opposed to the granting of this

"To have a plant as proposed by those asking for this franchise established in this city means the expenditure of a large sum of money and the consequent employment of a great number of workingmen.

"Your committee believes that gas is a very convenient article, both for heating, cooking, etc. In fact, the uses to which gas may be put are very numer-

"House Bill 105 is identical with Senate Bill 23. Therefore your committee recommends that House Bill 105 be tabled and Senate Bill 23 passed.

"J. NAKALEKA, "M. K. KEALAWAA. "ERIC A. KNUDSEN."

TO HELP THE TERRITORY. Vida introduced the following, which

was laid on the table, to be considered with the appropriation bill: "Resolved, That the sum of \$20,000 be

ance of the coffee and other industries; the improvement of labor conditions in the Territory; and for such other purposes as may be deemed in his judg-ment expedient and requisite for the benefit of the Territory.

SALARIES OF BAND MEN.

Kupihea introduced a resolution, which was laid on the table to be considered with the appropriation bill, providing that none but citizens of Hawaii should be employed as musicians in the band, and providing that the salaries

Bandmaster, \$175; second bandmaster, \$100; cornet soloist, \$80; flute and ple bling dens; to amend the penal laws; colo and assistant soloist, \$70 each; and to authorize James H. Boyd and E-flat clarinet, euphonium, baritone, his assigns to collect and dispose of s65; first bass, first clarinet, B-flat and garbage in Honolulu.

Kupihea introduced a peculiar license act, and Chillingworth introduced another not so peculiar. Both went the bass and clarinet B-flat and oboe regular course. Chillingworth also in- \$55 each; third alto and saxophone, troduced a bill to provide for the parole, and second cornet, \$50; second alto, of prisoners in the discretion of the second B-flat clarinet, second frombone officers. Passed first reading by title. third trombone, and fourth alto, \$45: small drum, third clarinet, third cornet and bass drum and bassoon, \$40

each. Total per month, \$1,580; per year, \$18,960; for two years, \$37,920. For two lady special singers, \$65 per month each. Grand total, \$39,480. The reading of the county bill was taken up, at about 11 o'clock, and was

still in progress when the noon recess AFTERNOON SESSION.

At the opening of the afternoon session, a communication was received from Secretary Carter to the effect that the Governor had signed a number of bills, among them the act relating to the appointment of bailiffs of courts, and after that had been heard the reading of the county bill was resumed.

The reading of the bill was concluded at just three minutes after 4 o'clock, and after an amendment to correct an error in wording, proposed by Chillingworth, Kellinoi asked if it was the purpose to have a translation of the bill into Hawaiian read.

'It is not," announced the Speaker "Then," said Keliinoi, "I move, that the bill be passed on third reading." Before the motion was put, however, Aylett asked and was given permission

o correct a few mistakes in the way of omissions and substitutions made by the typewriters. Also, he proceeded to make a speech in support of the bill, incidentally scoring the Senate for sending down a measure full of errors.

VOTE ON THE BILL.

Chillingworth seconded the motion, ongratulating the committee and the House on its promptness in the dispo-sition of the bil. Then the typographical corrections were accepted, and the bill put upon its passage and passed

Ayes-Andrade, Aylett, Chillingworth Damien, Fernandez, Gandall, Greenwell, Haia, Harris, Kaili, Kalama, Kaniho. Kealawaa, Keliinol, Knudsen, lae, Lewis, Long, Nakaleka, Oili, Paele, Pali, Pulaa, Purdy, Vida, Mr. Speaker

Noes-Kupihea-1. Absent and not voting-Jaeger, Kou, Wright.

Greenwell gave notice that he desired to change his vote, and he went on rec-ord, and his name stands as having voted against the bill.

This sends the county bill to confernce, and the House took up House Bill 64, which is the Long bill to create the city and county of Honolulu, and the reading of that measure consumed the balance of the time until the hour of adjournment at 5 p. m., and then it was not finished. There are, in all, 102 pages of the bill, and 27 pages re main to be read. It will be taken up and a strong effort made to pass it to-But it will not go through as

easily as the county bill did. IN THE SENATE.

The Governor's message, transmitting inserted in the appropriation bill, the same to be expended by the Territorial men's bill, was first read. The protests made 150 feet. Ayes and noes were Delegate to Washington, for the assist- were from merchants and hackmen,

and the latter showed an investment of of \$34,431 by Japanese in the back bis-iness. There was a showing also tlat 2,506 passengers, divided as to nationality as follows: Japanese, 2,6%; whites, 135; natives, 216; miscellaneous, Referred to ways and means con-

A communication was received from the Attorney General asking for in appropriation of \$1,000 as a fee for he services of E. P. Dole in the Oski Mankieht case at Washington; to be considered with the appropriation bil.

The House clerk transmitted the milt liquor license bill, the cruelty to cilldren bill, and the bill remitting he beer tax as having passed third reid-

House Bill No. 157, for the acquisiton of Pauoa springs, was transmitted as having passed third reading. On no-tion of Senator Brown the communiation was accepted and placed on file

Senator Dickey, for the committee on miscellaneous petitions, reported favor-ably the bill extending the law requiring lights on bicycles to districts oit-side of Honolulu. Report adopted, he bill to be read a third time on Monday.

HEALTH BILLS KILLED.

Senator Wilcox, for the health conmittee, reported Senate Bill 146, mcommending that it be indefinitely pat-poned. The bill, says the committee, seeks to cut out the salary of the President of the Board of health and also to change the board, making it three physicians and three laymen. A bili having already passed dealing vith ate did not wish to reverse its acton. Adopted.

Senator Wilcox also reported Serate Bill 147, relating to vaccination, as "superfluous," the same matter being covered in No. 120, which has already passed third reading. Report adopted.

JUDICIARY REPORTS.

The judiciary committee reported fa-vorably House Bill No. 81, an act to reorganize the judiciary.

The Senate had already passed a simflar bill, but the House bill makes certain changes, adding one term of ccurt in each of the outside districts. The committee thinks the holding of court at Hamakua unnecessary, but as it is desired by the House recommends he passage of the House bill. Report adopted, bill to read a third time on

ably House Bill No. 6, providing a piblic administrator. Adopted, bill to rad a third time on Monday.

The committee also reported favorably the bill allowing the forming of partnerships by two or more corpora-tions. Report adopted, third reading on Monday

JUDICIARY BUILDING.

Senator McCandless, for the special committee, reported favorably on the item of \$45,000 for reconstruction of the Judiciary building. The committee found the present building to be in a dangerous condition, and the need of fire proof vaults for public records very The insertion of the item in loan bill was recommended. The report will be considered with the bill.

THE LEPER BAND.

Senator Dickey moved the insertion in the appropriation bill of an item of \$600 for musical instruments for the Kalaupapa lepers' band. Referrel to special Molokai committee.

Senato Achi presented a resolution to require the public expenditures commitee to report a bill covering the Governor's recommendations on unpaid bills. He said interest was accumulating on this amount at the rate of \$900 per month. Senator Paris, chairman of the committee, said the bills were being given "close scrutiny," as suggested by the Governor, and it had been found that some of them needed it, as some of the officials who approved the bills did not know anything about them. The committee promised to report today, and the resolution was tabled.

LIQUOR BILL.

Under unfinished business the general liquor license bill was again taken up. Senator Crabbe moved that the dealers' license be cut from \$750 to \$500. Sentor McCandless opposed this, and vanted the dealers given authority to ell a quart bottle instead of limiting hem to a gallon. Senator Isenberg favored this amendment, and said the aw was being violated every day now. Senators Crabbe and J. T. Brown op-posed the change. The amendment permitting the sale of quart bottles by lealers was carried and the license was eft at \$750. Crabbe wanted it fixed at \$1,000, and Kalauokalani at \$500 but both

notions were withdrawn, Senator Isenberg proposed an amendment to the hotel clause, making a cond class hotel license in cutside districts at \$250, the hotel to have at least twelve bed rooms and not to have

a bar; carried. Senator Crabbe moved an amendment, making the license payable semiannually in advance. Another amendment by Senator Brown made the there is default in payment. Carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Consideration of the liquor bill was esumed in the afternoon, Senator Achi moved to amend section 18 to nake the first class saloon license 1,000 feet from any postoffice, instead of three miles. The amendment was lost. Senator Crabbe moved to re-insert the section which relieves the license holder from resposibility for the acts of his employes, but he received no He stated that under the bill a bar-keeper about to be discharged might violate the law and get his employer into trouble. Amendment lost. Senator Achi presented an amendment making the conviction against the liquor seller and not against the property owners. Adopted. Senator Dickey proposed an increase

of the race track licenses from \$25 to \$50. Lost. EARLY OPENING OF SALOONS.

On motion of Senator Achi saloons are permitted to open at five o'clock in the morning instead of at six.
Senator C. Brown proposed amendment which exempted the malt

liquor law and brewing bill from the provisions of the act. Carried. Senator Dickey moved an amendment prohibiting the issuance of retail liquor licenses within 300 feet of a church or called on the Dickey amendment which

carried. Ayes—Baldwin, Dickey, Isenberg, Crabbe, Kalauokalani, Kaohi, McCandless, Paris, Wilcox, 9. Noes— Achl. C. Brown, J. T. Brown, Kaiue, Nakapaahu and Woods, 6.

On motion of Senator Crabbe the words "distilled spirits" were substituted for "intoxicating liquors" in section

Senator Woods offered an amendment limiting the druggists to the sale of one quart of alcohol and providing a penalty from \$100 to \$250 for violations Senator McCandless proposed that it be made a gallon. Senator C. Brown favored Woods' amendment saying its omission from the County bill was a great error. Crabbe moved that the amendment not apply to physicians; and it finally carried at a quart wito

this change. Senator Kalauokalani favored the gallon clause as he said painters required it. He said he was a painter himself and denied that methylated

spirits would do as well.

The bill passed third reading: 13 ayes, 2 noes. Kalauokalani and Kachi vot-ing "no." "I'm glad that nightmare is off my hands," said Dickey.

BONDS FOR OFFICERS.

The two Isenberg gambling bills and the secret service bill were referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The bill requiring bonds from Ter-ritorial officers passed second reading on the favorable report of Senator Baldwin who introduced the bill. Senator Brown proposed an amendment requiring a bond from the President of all the departments of the Territory

Carried Senator Achi offered an amendmen requiring the surety company bonds to be approved by the Governor. Senator be given be reduced from \$25,000 to \$10,-000. Senator C. Brown moved that it be \$25,000 for department heads and \$10,000 for the chief clerks. The Brown

amendment carried. The sum of \$10,000 is appropriated to carry out the provisions of the act, as the bond premiums are to be paid by the government. The bill passed sec ond reading-to be read a third time on Monday.

THE WINSTON FRANCHISE.

The Winston franchise bill was next called up on third reading. Senator C. Brown moved the adoption of the report of the committee which recommended that the railroad be not allowed on Queen street where Dillingham

Senator Achi opposed the report and argued that the legislature could grant privileges over vested rights. He said the people affected wanted the road on Queen street and not on River street. He said if the law passed properly it would mean a million dollars for the Territory, so he had been told by a man who had \$300,000 to put into the railroad. "If we ask for poi we don't want the committee to give us a stone," said Achi. "We want a franchise, we don't care what Dillingham wants. The bill as the committee has it is no good. It's a losing game, and this man Winston is a sensible man and won't put his money in it. This report is surprising to a man of common sense. "Who is that?" asked Dickey, chair-

man of the committee. Senator Achi moved to table the report, but he withdrew the motion when told by Senator Brown that it would shut off debate.

ISENBERG AND ACHI. Senator Isenberg said he was surprised at Senator Achi. A few years ago

franchise had been granted to the Oahu Railway and now he wants to do away with it. "I never said that," said Achi.
"You did," replied Isenberg.

"I never said it," again repeated

Achl.

"You did," replied Isenberg.
"I didn't," said Achi.
"I've got the floor, Mr. President,"

"That's not my policy," retorted

"You said so," replied Isenberg "I never.

"You said it in Hawaitan." "I never said it in either English or

Hawaiian," replied Achi. "The Senator will please confine himself to the subject," the chair finally

Senator Isenberg said that the franhise wanted would start a big law suit if the tracks were allowed on the Oahu Railway property. He said further that the committee had gone into the matter carefully though Achi did make have a railroad but he didn't believe

fun of the report. He wanted Kalihi to in interfering with the rights of the present railway. He would rather vote to put the tracks on King street than on Queen street, which would injure a private concern that now paid \$300,000 taxes a year.

M'CANDLESS TALKS. Senator McCandless said the report

of the committee might just as kill the bill as the route laid out is impracticable. The line proposed starting from River and Queen streets, up River to Vineyard and to Kamehameha schools then to Queen street and up Kalihi was of no value to the comthe railroad tracks was not dangerous, and was the practice in the States. He said also that the advantages and benefits to accrue to the people of Koolau should be taken into consideration. Further the company's terminus should be considered and not compelled to put it out in Kalihi away from the wharves and coal supply. It was not the inten-tion to build on Oahu Railway land The road could be built on one side of Queen street which if necessary might be widened to one hundred feet. Adjournment was taken while the bil

was still under consideration.

THE FIREMAN is in great danger from falling bricks or timbers as well as from the flames. No fire department is properly equipped without a supply of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This lini ment is unexcelled for burns and One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sel Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

Mrs. Wray Taylor has taken passage on the Sierra for San Francisco.

BALKAN BATTLES SHOW ADVANCES OF THE REBELS

England Takes Action and the Situation Is Now Even More Acute Owing to the Heavy Fighting Along the Frontier.

LONDON, April 3.-Europe is on the verge of a crisis over the Balkan situation. The battles of the last two days have shown that the situation is more critical than was supposed and there are none who believe that Turkey can complete the pacification of her borders.

The cabinet held a long meeting to consider the situation today and the Board of Health and chief clerks of it was announced at its conclusion that England had formally notified Russia and Austria that steps would be taken at once for the protection of the interests of this country in the Balkans.

It is believed that the direct result of this will be that each of those nations will proceed to strengthen the Bulgarian and Servian armies and that a collision which will result in a formal declaration of war will

SALONICA, European Turkey, April 3.-Affairs in the disturbed district have now assumed a critical stage. The Bulgarians, aided by Macedonians and Albanians, have raided the railway line which stretches northward from this port, along the Vardar River, through the affected districts and into Servia. A bridge in the northern part of the villayet of Monastir has been destroyed and telegraph wires have been cut so that communication with the Turkish troops fighting the rebels is now

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey, April 3.—A fierce battle between Turkish troops and a body of Bulgarians is reported at Okhreida. Over a thousand are reported to have been killed and wounded. Although the Bulgarians are classed as being members of the wandering ban is. of mountaineers, a good portion of them are members of the Bulgarian

SOFIA, March 27.—The entire Cabinet has resigned owing to the inability to find anyone who will accept the portfolio of war unlessthe Cabinet agreed to the army appropriations. It was the ministry's refusal to do this which caused the resignation on March 8th of Major General Paprikoff, the former Minister of War, his colleagues. having rejected his demand for a credit of \$1,600,000 for the purchase of war material.

The railway bridge destroyed by the Bulgarians is probably one of the two which cross the Vardar river north of Uskub, Monastir, on either the line branching towards Servia or the line running from Uskubwhich has its terminus at Mitrovitza, a town held by Turkish infantry, which the Albanians attacked, but met defeat, a couple of days ago, It is in this section that the rebels have shown their greatest activity during the past couple of months, they having a good foothold, owing to the fact that the whole countryside is in sympathy with their cause.

PANAMA, April 3.—The revolution in Honduras is spreading and the outlook is that the government will have to exert all of its power to suppress the uprising. Four thousand troops have been sent to reinforce Bonilla, who is now beseiging Tegucigalpa.

PANAMA, March 27.—The revolutionists of Nicaragua have captured some of the steamers plying on Lake Nicaragua and have left the Department of Chontales, which has prevented President Zelaya's forces from attacking them. The official advices from Managua, however, say the rising has been suppressed. On the other hand, there are reports that a revolutionary movement is aided by another Central American Government. If this is the case the outbreak is more serious than said Isenberg. "Mr. Acht's policy in President Zelaya is willing to admit. The strict censorship maintained the Senate seems to be to start law over dispatches allows only official news to leave Nicaragua. Consesuits among the people of the Terriquently the real situation in that country is not known.

> MANILA, P. I., April 3.—The campaign by the constabulary against the bands of Ladrones is meeting with general success. Many Ladrone forces have been put to rout, leaving killed and wounded on the field. The skirmishes are very frequent, but the activity of the military appears to be having the necessary quieting effect.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT REACHES MILWAUKEE

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 3.-President Roosevelt arrived here today with his special train and was given a great reception. With the members of his party he was escorted to the reception hall and there was greeted by a great crowd of people. He drove about the city and was entertained by the Mayor and Senator Spooner.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 3.-Walter J. Dimmick, Cashier of the San Francisco Mint, was today found guilty of the theft of \$35,000 from the vaults. The loss has been made good by the Security Company which furnished the bond for the cashier.

Dimmick's trial has been proceeding in San Francisco for two weeks and his conviction marks the close of a celebrated case. The lost thirty thousand dollars disappeared from the mint in San Francisco two years ago. Dimmick took the money away from the mint, in sight of several persons, in a dress suit case, but none of those who saw it at the time thought that there was anything wrong in such a well known employee of the mint leaving the institution carrying a dress

Dimmick was given a two year sentence on February 25 for the embezzlement of a smaller sum of money from the mint but on the charge of stealing \$30,000 he was tried twice, the jury disagreeing each time.

The maximum sentence that can be given Dimmick for the theft of the thirty thousand dollars is five years but with the sentences he gets on two other charges he will probably have to serve nine years in prison.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 3.-From every part of the Mississippi river district comes the news that the waters are covering the country. The great levee at the Holybrook plantation near Baton Rouge gave way today and the river is now making a breach through the crevasse. The many breaks in the high plantation levess throughout Louisiana are increasing to such an extent that it is certain the cotton crop will be affected. Many fields have been wiped out and the damage done to plantation property generally will put many planters out of business for the season. The cotton market is already rising in anticipation of the short crop.

CITY AND COUNTY BILL

Reports Thrown Aside That the Measure May Be Passed---Senate Hears Criticism of Unpaid Bills and Agricultural Report.

(From Sunday's Daily.)

The House did not sit all day yesterday, but though the session was brief, it was exciting while it lasted. Also, the Long municipal bill, which is the measure for the creation of the city and county of Honolulu separate and apart from the county bill, was taken up and passed by voting closure on the reading of the measure, thereby shutting out a number of reports from the Judiciary Committee, which Chairman Andrade said were of vastly more importance to the people than any municipal bill. Possibly they were. The Long bill is at least a doubtful quantity, so far as the Senate is concerned, and some of Mr. Andrade's bills are likely, sooner or later, to get themselves passed and so to have the interest that pertains to live things.

The House, for a second time, rejected the conference report on the Emergency Appropriation bill. In fact, it begins to look as if there might be a second emergency before the one at present existing is met with a monetary salve by the Legislature.

The Senate did little yesterday aside from considering two very important reports. Senator Isenberg for the Committee on Agriculture recommended that the Territorial bureau be continued. Senator Paris for the Committee on Expenditures made a report which gave some interesting information about the Hackfeld wharf.

The county bill also caused some trouble, the House clerk transmitting its report without returning the Senate bill. A demand for it brought results however and then the Senate refused to concur in § the amendments. The request for a conference committee must § come from the House.

IN THE HOUSE.

yesterday morning a message was re-ceived from the Governor enclosing ceived from the Governor enclosing lists containing the names and the pay of all persons employed in the several departments of the Territorial govern-ment. A peculiar feature is that the name of Wray Taylor, drawing a sal-ary of \$200 per month, still appears as the head of the Department of Agri-culture and Forcestry. culture and Forestry.

A communication from the Senate

reported the passage of certain bills by that body, and these were read for the first time by title and passed first

reading.

The police committee submitted a report reciting that the use of opium in the Islands was on the increase, particularly of opium smoking, and recommending the passage of laws regulating the practice. The report was adopted.

was adopted.

From the committee on public expenditures Vida reported in favor of the bill granting a pension of \$15,000 to ex-Queen Liliuokalani. The report was adopted. In fact, Harris made an effort to get the floor upon it, but was too late.

LONG BILL PASSED.

The same committee submitted a number of indecisive reports on applications for appropriations asked for the building of sundry bridges and roads, and on recommendation most of these were tabled to be considered with the appropriation bill.

on called up the Long nicipal bill, on motion to proceed with farther service. unfinished business, which was the reading of that measure. Harris said. pending that measure. Harris said, pending this, that he had a report from the conference committee on the emergency appropriation bill, but would bow to the will of the majority. However, he asked Aylett to withheld. his motion while the report was being read. Aylett wouldn t. Andrade said that the judiciary committee had some forty reports, also, that should be submitted to clear the decks for action. And still Aylett refused to yield, even when specially requested to do so by the Vice Speaker, and moved the pre-

There was a show of hands on this, the result being in doubt, and Aylett called for a rising vote. And still there was a doubt. "Mr. Speaker," said Harris, "Mr. Damien has not vot-

ed either way on this question."
Mr. Damien, public attention being thus centered upon him, came out of his trance to remark that he didn't

House. This report is at least as important as the Long bill. I have had it ready for three days, and have held it back to give the right of way to the county bill. It calls for money that is needed at once, and this House should act upon it."

AYLETT INSISTS.

It was at this point the Vice Speaker pleaded with Aylett, finding him ob-durate. The vote recurred on the previous question, and it was carried, 12 to 10. Then the clerk began, mo-notonously, to read the long Long municipal bill, while from the hall without the chamber the voice of contentious men rushed in in a flood and drowned his one pipe. But that is an-

The reading of the municipal bill went on until the hour of the noon re-cess came and passed. It was ten minutes after 12 when the reading was finished—and then, just as everyl thought a vote was about to be taken and the House permitted to rest, Lewis asked that the bill be read in Hawaii-There was a veritable howl of protest. Kaniho got the floor first, and saying that he knew less English than any other member, said also that he had an interest in the measure and in getting action upon it, and that he would therefore move that the translation be dispensed with. And it was were done, and the passage of the bill mov- ten.

ed. Harris got the floor and moved an At the opening session of the House esterday morning a message was re-000 to the county of Honolulu, as pro-posed, would leave almost nothing for the other counties, and less for the ex-penses of the Territorial government. The whole budget would amount to but \$600,000. Long said he would accept the amendment, if it were made \$300,-

> cordingly and so voted upon. The vote was as follows: VOTE ON THE BILL.

> 000, which compromise figure suited Harris, and the bill was changed ac-

Ayes-Aylett, Damien, Fernandez, Gandall, Greenwell, Haia, Harris, Kaili, Kalama, Kaniho, Kealawaa, Kelilnoi, Knudsen, Kumalae, Long, Nakale-ka, Oili, Paele, Pali, Purdy, Vida, Mr.

Speaker—23.
Nays—Kupihea, Lewis—2.
Absent and not voting—Andrade, Chillingworth, Jaeger, Kou, Wright-5.
After the vote had been taken, a motion to adjourn until Monday was lost and, under suspension of the rules the report of the conference committee on the Emergency Appropriation bill was received, with the bill, carrying a total of \$227,670. There was trouble over the report, of course. The conferees had cut down pet appropriations. That was inevitable, in a compromise between the Houses, but the appropriators could the Houses, but the appropriators could of an air of self-confidence. none of them see why his pet scheme should be sacrificed. And the report was tabled—and then Harris asked to jected to Weday's bandages, and tried

A motion to adjourn prevailed with-

IN THE SENATE

A communication was read from Secretary Carter telling of the signing by the Governor of half a dozen bills, Senate Bill No. 66, an act relating to eriminal practice and procedure, was

but with section nine eliminated. Laid. House Bill No. 94, an act to encourage diversified industries, was transmitted as having passed third reading.

turned as having passed the House

COUNTY BILL STIR.

Secretary Savidge began the reading of a communication from the House clerk transmitting Senate Bill No. 1 his trance to remark that he didn't understand what it was all about. He was enlightened, and then he lined up with Aylett in favor of closure.

Kupihea arose to ask Harris what his report was, and was told. "And I think." continued Harris, after he had given Harris the required information, "that I am entitled to some consideration at the hands of this ments to the Senate bill be set out in House. This report is at least as in the senate bill be set out in the senate bill be set o ments to the Senate bill be set out in full. He said the bill could not go to conference that way, and it would require two or three weeks to find out what the House had done. Dickey moved that the House be asked to return the Senate bill as amended. The derk then examined the bill and said the House amendments had been in-serted in the Senate copy. Senator Brown said the House had no business to touch the Senate bill or make alterations in it; that now the Senate had no record of its work as the bill had been mutilated and changed in the House. Senator Achi said that the mistake was not great and could be rectified by the conference committee. Senator Brown replied that in such case he

> ence committee. Senator Baldwin said that the House should send the Senate bill back so the record might be kept straight.

would refuse to serve on the confer-

Finally upon motion of Senator Baldwin the clerk was instructed to request the House to return the original bill. The assistant clerk soon returned with the original bill and Senator Brown then apologized for his remarks regarding the House. On motion of Senator Achi the Senate refused to concur in the House amendments and

CHAMPION JACK PUSHED THROUGH HOUSE KNOCKS OUT LON AGNEW AFTER FOUR HARD ROUNDS



audience that has been in the Orpheum for a long time, Jack Weday knocked out Lon Agnew last night and made good his title to the championship of the islands. How long he will hold it is another matter. The referee in last night's fight, Jack Grace, said before the battle that he would give the de-cision to better man, and that he would box the winner. And he said that last in a way that set those in the house who knew the game to think-ing. For Grace has all the manner of withal, as a man will who knows his

The men stripped well for the main event, last night, and both looked in good condition, Weday a trifle the better. Also, he carried himself with more for haggling over details. It had come to see fighting, and the introductory bouts had been short.

So Agnew accepted the bandages. It didn't make a great difference, anyway, as the end showed. The announcement was made by the referee that it was to be a match for fifteen rounds, straight Queensberry rules, the men to hit in the clinches and to protect themselves in the break. Then Official Timer Larry Dee sounded the gong and they were at it. Agnew's glove drew blood in a stream from Weday's right eye at the first blow, a glancing one, but that was all he ever got. He had wonderful recuperative powers, but he was outclassed from the start. They roughed it a little, in the first, but Weday had

him going, already.

In the second it was so one-sided that Agnew went down to his knees twice and almost took the count, and then he rallied in a way that was won-

He came up in the third fresh, apparently, but it did not last, and he was decidedly groggy at the end of it. hugging Weday to save himself. And Latham the decision the second time in the fourth it was all over. They under the rules.

BOCTORS BILL.

The Miscellaneous Committee made tendent of Public Works. The coma favorable report upon the bill for the regulation of the practice of medicine and surgery with a number of amendments. The committee increased the membership of the Board of Examiners from five to seven which it said would minimize the chances for favoritism. Another amendment made the bill include masseurs and osteopaths, and the members of the Board of Examiners are to serve without pay. The power to spend money is also taken away from the committee and all receipts are to be turned into the treasury as government realizations. A unanimous vote is required to debar any doctor from practicing. Report to be considered with the bill.

Senator Baldwin reported on the House bill exempting the wages of laporers from execution, recommending that it be laid on the table as the Senate had already passed a similar bill of much wider scope. The report was

adopted. FOR AGRICULTURE.

Senator Isenberg for the Special Agricultural Committee reported back the various items for that bureau, with the clerk was instructed to some the House. The House amendments recommended for salaries is 400,100 the House were ordered translated and typewriting for current expenses \$55,800. The commissioner of agriculture is cut out and

In four rounds, before the largest were fighting in Weday's corner when Agnew went down from a terrific blow in the jaw. He came up, and Weday him right and left and sending him clean through the repes at the back of the stage, his head striking the wall with stunning force. Again he came but a smash in the jaw once more floored him and Referee Grace gave Weday the decision. It was as fair a decision as was ever given in a ring. his class.

The sport opened last night with a game four rounds between a couple of Portuguese youngsters who were in-troduced as St. Clair from School street and "Wild Bill" from Kakaako. Bill was the smaller lad of the two and the whiter, but he was game and he put up a nervy battle for four rounds and were a good many preliminaries, a carned the decision which Referee good lot of getting ready. Agnew ob-

Following this was the scrap beto make a speech about it, but was tween Soldier Latham and Fireman howled down. The audience—there Moore. It was to have been a ten were many prominent men about town round go, but it only lasted for three. in it, and a good many members of the Moore, in fact, can hardly be called Legislature, too—was not in the humor at home in the fighting game. He goes at his man too much as though he was rushing a line of hose up a ladder at a fire, and taking no account of the bricks that might fall on him from a burning wall. That is good fire fighting, but it will not answer in a twenty foot ring. Latham got out of Moore's way when he made his first rush, with his head down. After that, he generally stopped him with a punch in the jaw, when he didn't catch him around the waist and half pick him off the floor, thus neutralizing what a well known statesman who sat at the ring side called his "bull rushes." Latham, in fact, let his man go on for two y, and then he was starting in to finish him at leisure when Moore, who was too groggy probably to know what he was about, hit him in a clinch. That ended it, and the referee had given Latham a decision when Kid DeLisle who was behind Moore, jumped into the ring and seemed inclined to mix things when Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth threw him out bodily. And that action on the part of the second gave

his duties devolve upon the Superinmittee increases the amount for the Federal experiment station to \$10,000 Senator Achi moved to table the report and to consider it with the bill. This was lost and the motion of Senator Brown adopting the report passed. The appropriation bill is to be read on

CONDEMN HACKFELD DEAL.

The Committee on Public Expendi tures, through Senator Dickey, reported back the Governor's message relat ing to unpaid bills with two bills covering the same. The committee gave the bills "close scrutiny" as recommended by Governor Dole and some of the items are severely condemned. An crease in the judiciary estimate from \$7,847 to \$12,061 is recommended. The item of \$369.39 for repairs to Honuapo wharf by the Hutchinson Sugar Co. is cut to \$123.13 the committee finding that there was an agreement by which the expense of this wharf was to be divided one-third to the Territory, one third to the Inter-Island Steam Naviant. The \$5,000 claim of Hawi Mill Co for improving a road is not allowed the committee finding it to be a private

(Continued on page 7.)

BULGARIA WILL STOP TRAFFIC IN WAR MUNITIONS

Seizes Arms and Other Supplies Which Are Being Sent Forward to the Macedonian Committees Over the Line of the Frontier.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

SOFIA, Bulgaria, April 4.-Under pressure Bulgaria has at length taken steps to show that this country is anxious to maintain its neutrality in the eyes of Europe. The many outbreaks on the border have had the effect of bringing to the attention of the ministry a number of protests from Turkey and other powers, and the result has been the demand upon the police to prevent breaches of the national

The supplying of arms to the Macedonian rebels has been carried on through Bulgarian cities, with a degree of openness which has enabled the authorities to keep in constant touch with the workings of the agents of the committees. The arms have been secured principally from France and England, and it is a common rumor that there has been sent into the country sufficient arms and ammunition to enable the mountain forces to keep up their warfare for the next two years.

Upon the orders from the ministry today that there must be no open breaches the police seized a large shipment of arms and ammunition on the way to the frontier for transportation to the Macedonian

It is the belief that the arms seized were only a small portion of the shipment and that a large supply of war material was permitted to reach its destination.

SALONICA, April 4.—The Russian consul at Mitrovitza has been killed by Albanians. It is believed that the rebels conceived the idea that he had been instrumental in giving information to the Turkish officials and in revenge waylaid him and took his life.

LONDON, April 4.—The French supply ship, Bambara, from Marseilles to Algiers, is now so long overdue that all hope for her safety has been abandoned. The vessel carried 95,000 cases of gunpowder and dynamite and the generally accepted theory is that there was an explosion of the powder and that the ship was destroyed. The Bambara carried a crew of thirty-five and all are considered as lost.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 4.— The controversy of long standing between the Wabash road and its employees was settled today. The dissolution of the injunction yesterday had the effect of bringing together the parties and they quickly arrived at a conclusion.

MADRID, Spain, April 4.—Student riots in the city have called out all the police forces, emergency and regular. In many instances the police charged the students with sabers drawn. A large number were wounded.

MAZATLAN, Mexico, April 4.—The record of the plague for April was fourteen deaths. The pest is giving way under pressure of the hard work done by the authorities.

LONDON, April 4 .- Margaret Neve, one of the oldest and closest of the attendants and friends of the late Queen Victoria, died here today at the age of 110 years.

TWIN CITIES CELEBRATE IN HONOR OF ROOSEVELT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM)

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 4. — The reception given to President Roosevelt here today was of the most enthusiastic description. As soon as he arrived he was met by a delegation of citizens and was escorted through the business portion of the city, everywhere being greeted with enthusiastic cheering from the large crowd of people which lined the streets. The same sort of welcome was given him in St. Paul, where all the state officials joined with those of the city in giving him an ovation. The President and all members of the party are in the best of health and spirits.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4 .- Vice Governor Luke P. Wright, of the Philippine commission, departed in the Korea from this port today on his way back to his station in Manila.

Vice Governor Wright has been in the states on a well earned vacation and he is returning in the best of health and spirits. He expressed himself as well pleased with the outlook for the future and with the work which was done for the archipelago during the session of Congress that has just closed.

Gov. Wright expressed the hope that there would be a larger trade with the islands very soon, and said that indications were that such would be the result of closer acquaintance.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.-W. F. M'Lennan, special agent of the Treasury Department for the payment of the Fire Claims awards in Honolulu, left here today in the Korea. He took with him \$1,000,-000, as provided by Congress for the payment of the federal appropriation toward the liquidation of the claims. The most of the money is in gold eagles, there being some fractional currency and some dollar He said that he expected that his mission would employ him for at least two months.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 3.--United States Circuit Judge Morrow today issued an injunction against the strikers at the Keswick mines, restraining then from interfering with the workmen now employed in the coal diggings.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 3.—The river steamer Albion was wrecked today at Bodega. The passengers, numbering sixty-three, and the steamer's crew were rescued.

CARACAS, Venezuela, April 3.—President Castro has been authorized by the Venezuelan Congress to fulfill the protocol obligations made with various Powers for the payment of claims.

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

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TUESDAY : : : : APRIL 7

TWO DANGER POINTS.

With the passage of the county bill through the House, a stage of the Legislation is reached which will call for the greatest degree of caution and the most painstaking effort. The bill, without doubt, will be refused in its amended form by the Senate, and the House will be asked to agree to conference upon it. Then will follow the naming of a committee, which will consist of seven members from each house, upon which will rest the labor of agreeing to a compromise form of measure.

The magnitude of the work before such a committee is apparent when one realizes that there are many amendments, and radical ones, too, on which the members of each house have decided opinions. There are at least two points of difference where the bodies are diametrically opposed, and the committee will find that its work perhaps even with one report. These are the provisions calling for the placing of the schools of the Territory in the jurisdiction of the counties, and doing away with the Board of Health as a Territorial institution and putting its functions in the hands of a series of boards, one for each county,

The damage which can result from either of these changes is incalculable, It is known to those who have studied matter, even superficially, that, existing on the outskirts of the nation, with points of infection in the Orient from which ships come weekly, the presence here of a strong and able Board of Health gives to the national service the greatest confidence in the handling of health matters, and the good feeling existing between the Federal officer and the local board at the present time is assurance that the safeguards now put up against disease are of the best and most satisfactory to the national office. Divide the responsibility and the result must be the degeneration of the service.

As to the schools, too much cannot be said as to the advantages which have come from control in a strong central body. Those who claim that the American system is for local boards do not remember, perhaps, that in the older states there is always a strong state board which lays out the courses of study and keeps up the standard of the schools, setting out the books even, in the work of maintaining the high place of the common school. Here, with divided boards, the members coming from the ranks of the electorate of the counties, there would be perforce a decline in the standard which has made the Islands remarked, and the result would be to reduce the grade and efficiency materially.

A REMARKABLE EXPERIMENT.

The success in the cultivation of Sumatra tobacco under tents is one of the extraordinary events in the agricultural history of the country. The old fashioned farmer prostrates himself in the dust before the scientific farmer. As the results of the brain work of men in the Federal Agricultural Department, Sumatra tobacco wrappers, equal and even superior to the imported article, are now sold in the market, so as to realize in some cases a net profit of \$1,022.52 per acre. The industry is hardly three years old. In old Granby, Conn., there are now 400 acres of land. under tents made of cloth, loosely woven, and "ribbed," which exclude high winds, hail, insects and excessive heat The crops have been raised under the special direction of the experts of the Agricultural Department. The price of the tobacco, which is for the common product, less than fifty cents a pound, has risen to \$1.60, and is still rising.

The first experiments failed for lack of suitable cloth for covering the tents. the proper cloth was secured. The value of the imported Sumatra is, annually, about \$6,000,000.

The new industry is a flat triumph of the trained brain. It was not stumbled upon, but carefully thought out. There was no constant succession, for years, of stupid and costly experiments, no haphazard trials of new methods; tedious groping in the dark by the "rule of thumb" men, but there was well ordered and direct brain work.

The results confirm the belief that agriculture and horticulture will in time cease to be the least remunerative of occupations, but will furnish such fair profits that the populations of the cities will find their way to the rural districts, and take up wholesome industries. Out of this will come a change in our methods of living, which is sorely needed.

Whether valuable kinds of tobacco can be produced in these Islands has not been tried. If one of the experts the department will examine our soil and make an estimate of its quality, and his report should be favorable, another industry may be added to our present scanty list. Until such examination is made, we cannot count on this industry. The opinions of men on the subject, who are making a few haphazard experiments, are of little

Zeal for the small farmer is commendable but there is no reason why an attempt should be made to form a corporation and keep control of the industry right here. The man who makes a crop where the land is waste should be welcomed whatever his nationality and wherever his former

The congressional pork barrel items will be entirely overshadowed by the payment of \$250,000 for a hole in the

CITIZENS OR ALIENS-WHICH? The lands in question are those which

district and Islands. time so big with possibilities for the of food for thought, and at the same tronting this board has been so full of the greatest interest to the people ligent settlers, the course to be followed by the Bishop Estate promises to sponid commend the proposals to intelnotum beautrel Juiniquios sesuel no sas Kona ready to be opened to purchasui pum 189d sul lo seres 000,2 dilW tive. Coffee trees cover a large portion of the area, but there is no semblance of cultivation in most instances and the trees are simply growing wild. their unpicked product falling to the ground and new trees springing up to add to the thicket which exists. would be a matter of little exertion for any one who could content himself to live simply, to literally pick up a living until any crops he might choose to plant are brought to bearing.

Applicants for the land there are in numbers and right there bobs up the grave problem as to what to do. Hawalians who have the land now neither improve it nor pay any rental, and Trusts must have revenues. They do not want to purchase the lands, which they now occupy gratis, and consequently the buyers must be sought elsewhere. Orientals that want the land there are in plenty, but the proposition of opening such valuable tracts, that they may be Orientalized, is one which has caused the members of the Board to pause.

The first question arising is that of If there was no question but the realization upon holdings of realty it can be imagined that the sales might be made without any question. recognized. Would it be wisdom to pass into the control of aliens a section of the best agricultural land on the Islresult in the taking over of the ten or twenty acre tracts by Orientals, who, within five or ten years, would have earned the competence necessary for all the better since their realty holdings would certainly return them sufficient revenue, to keep them in afflu-

ence during their lives. Then again the tracts in question are the very best arable land; the cream of the district perhaps, but not all the acreage owned by the Estate. Mauka of the farms lie great ranges where cattle, horses, sheep and goats would earn good dividends for the grazier. These are not now in demand but the time when they will be sought cannot be far away. To build for the future then will mean that conditions must be such that prospective purchasers of grazing lands will find the neighborhoods attractive and the local market a feature. Will this be the case if the arable lands are filled with Asiatics? Is it not safe to presume the contrary?

Given a large population, and the proper opening of these lands should result in the placing of 150 families upon them, families at the head of which are citizens, and the value of contiguous grazing lands is greatly increased. Those citizen farmers would mean a market and as well conditions which would make the neighborhood an attractive place of residence, perforce increasing values.

All of these conditions make the outome of the present consideration all the more interesting to prospective farmers and the citizens of the Territory alike.

THE CHINESE FUND.

The bill converting the Chinese fund into a private snap for the benefit of a yet unnamed bank, has passed third reading in the Senate. By the terms of claimants as they return to China.

As most of the claimants do not want to return to China, only small driblets will be paid out from time to time, leaving the bulk of the money on deposit in the bank, without interest. 'As there is nothing to prevent the bank from loaning the money out, and the current bank rate of interest is eight per cent., there is a net profit in sight for the bank of \$12,000 a year. If the money is retained in the Treasury the public will get the benefit of whatever profit there is.

Here is a chance for the House to go the Senate one better in the protec-But ingenuity supplied the need, and is one that ought to be buried without any funeral ceremonies.

> Kansans still fight verbally over christening their battleship with champagne, but if the builder will furnish the bottles and Carrie Nation is out of jail and has car fare there promises to be plenty of smashing.

> Democrats would really like to know just who Mr. Bryan would approve as leader, and it has about come to a point of belief that he might endorse William Jennings Bryan.

> President Roosevelt is having the last of the city for a few weeks and his trip into wild nature will do him as much good as it will the rest of the country.

> stand of a generation or the partition of his European empire will be but the question of a very short time. Public office has been regarded as a private snap before this, and the Chi-

It is up to the Sultan to make the

nese funds seems to be regarded as a personal snaplet. One vote against the County bill was because of the Organic Act but the other was closer home, to please con-

stituents. Happily any differences over vouchers in the matter of Fire Claims expenses arose after McLennan and the million were on the way.

The Sultan seems to be proceeding to make good Macedonians on the same ines followed by early Indian fighters in the regeneration of the red men.

Croker's \$5,000 bull dog has departed but the Tammany man still has his personal grip unimpaired.

TROUBLE IN THE BALKANS.

It is not made quite as clear as could part of Russia, Austria and Englind way the action goes, of the Porte.

Scanderbeg held their independence ments where steam is employed. the Turk would not be in any sense a and to prevent accidents. religious war unless the political nees- Hand in hand with inspection has color it according to circumstances.

which the pro-Russian sentiments of be adopted by the chief inspector." Franz Joseph led him to favor.

Bosnia and Herzegovina were pallthem to go home, which they could do fled, at an enormous cost of blood and highest efficiency in operatives will be treasure, but the pacification left wounds that the Bosnians would Ike to open again-and a religious hatred that was intense because of the poitical aspects of it. The Bosnians are the better Mohammedans because their new masters are Christians, and not propriated another \$250,000 is now being because they pray to Mecca. They pray with arms in their hands, and because they see in the south the rising of a war cloud that may hold in its dark folds their chance of ven-

Naturally, Austria, but a congeries of unevenly yoked states in a condition of chronic hostility, one with the other, is uneasy at this indication of revolt in its southern provinces. Naturally England holds up the hands of Austria. She has always done that. And of course no action can be taken in the Balkan peninsula, by any nation, without the assent of Russia. For the Czar is the heir of the Turk by self election

When the troops of these three powers enter upon Turkish soil, that is the end. Just what share of the patrimony the Czar will allot to his new partners in the division is not clear, in the light of this newest alignment. Russia already owns Roumania and Bulgaria, in effect, and must have Constanti-\$155,000, is to be paid over to a bank. Bosnia and Herzegovina with a sort of to be by it paid out to the various reversion to Servia, and Albania will Time." fit better with her domain than with that of the Czar, although there is Montenegro to be reckoned with. Montenegro adjoins Albania, too, and Montenegro loves Russia and hates Austria. Nobody knows what England's share is to be, and perhaps nobody in Europe cares. England is a factor, now, more on the commercial than the political side.

Also, there is the Turk. It is true that with Albania and Macedonia gone, there will be little left of European tion of public interests. The Senate bill, Turkey, but there are the drilled hordes, of Asia, and the Turk is a fighter, wherever he hails from. In fact, when it comes to the death throes, the Turk promises to be about as difficult for his slayers to handle as a dying whale. There will be profit in his cutting up, but it will be advisable to do the first cutting from a safe distance.

ORPHAN FUNDS.

Section 103. That any money of the Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank that shall remain unpaid to the persons entitled thereto on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and one, and any assets of said bank shall be turned over by the government of Hawali to the Treasurer of the United States, and the Secretary shall cause an account to be stated, as of said date, between such government of Hawaii and the United States in respect to said Hawaiian Postal Savings Bank.

This section of the Organic Act would seem to have a direct bearing upon the 'orphan fund" which Secretary Carter has discovered. The certificates of laim, issued to the various depositors in the Postal Savings Bank, on which the amounts due were paid by the First National Bank, it would appear, were outlawed by the time limit thus fixed. If this is the case the "orphans" are such in name only for our "Uncle Sam" has taken them as his own.

Tom Johnson's election as mayor of Cleveland should qualify him for another automobile-circus tent campaign

SAFETY FROM STEAM.

With petitions on both sides the be wished by the cable whether he House will have to decide the fate of Moslems of Albania are preparing for the Harris bill providing for inspection an uprising against the Turks, but if of boilers and engines and the licensing they are, and if the Sultan cannot quell of engineers, knowing that some conthem, and armed intervention on he stituents will be displeased whichever

results, then it may be said with rets- Taken as a whole, the measure means onable certainty that the end of he simply the application to Hawaii of a Turkish power in Europe is at hand, safeguard to the public which obtains For the Albanians, known in old times elsewhere in the United States, the bill as the Arnauts, and in still older times being in the main that of California. as the people of that great general, Its object is two fold, and in conse-Pyrrhus king of Epirus, have never quence of its operation there would be been much more than nominal subjects felt a sense of security among all who luhi. must come in contact with establish-

from the rule of the Sultans as a There have been few, very few, ac-Christian, and Ali Pasha did to sime cidents with steam in Hawaii. The thing as a Moslem, but the religior of explosion of a boiler, almost without the Albanians has always been nore exception, results in loss of life and of a political question than a mater destruction of property. As inspection of faith. It frequently happens that has been carried into the merchant ma- where he appeared in the Chinese gam the women of an Albanian family are rine with remarkable success, so it has Christians, and the men followers of been applied to stationary and locothe Prophet. With a people like tiat, motive bollers and the result has been religion sets but lightly-and a war vith always to secure a higher efficiency

sities of the Albanians should give the gone licensing of the men responsible political color-and then they would for the boilers and engines. The theory is not that there must be a master \$7,000 was withdrawn from the Riggs The people of Bosnia and Herzerov- mechanic or first grade engineer at National Bank at Washington by Asina, an allied race, have the same every post, but that the man in whose the policy of offering these lands for characteristics and regulate their con- hands are the lives of others shall be duct in the same way. It will be re- competent to control the power which without vouchers. Secretary Carter has membered that at the close of the is drawn from water by heat. As to made arrangements so there will be Russo-Turkish war, Austria was given the capability of men to receive licenses no trouble on this score and will pay will not be finished with one sitting, or there is a duty to the land which is these two Danubian provinces. "on the bill says they shall be examined the drafts as fast as they arrive. condition of their pacification," but upon "the construction and operation really to secure the assent of the Aus- of steam boilers, steam engines and ands? Would the result not return to trian Emperor to the Berlin treaty steam pumps, and also hydraulics, unvex within a few years? Would it not against the San Stefano convention

Too much care cannot be taken to protect the persons of citizens, and the a material assurance.

The display of the Philippine archipelago at the St. Louis Exposition promises to be most extensive. In addition to the quarter million first apdiscussed, the exposition to add \$100,000.

Development is the watchword in the they turn in their praying southward entire East, and the American possesto the house of their Albanian brethren sions will not lose step with advancement, however it comes.

> The Advertiser has no intention of entering into a controversy over the Kamehameha Schools with the chanlain who is not a reverend. Nor was there any vilification. It was the utterance, dignified by the position of the writer which was commented upon. and the statements made stand.

Hawalians are winning distinction as vaudevillians in the East, as witness two sailor boys who left ship for stage. If they can be as humorous intentionally as they are unconsciously there are at least two Legislators who would make a big hit in a brother act.

If Berger welcomes McLennan at the wharf there might be significance in some of the rag time melodies, such as "If You Hain't Got no Money, You nople, whatever tides. Austria owns Needn't Come Around," "I'd Leave my Tong was the manager, and that hi

> Cox still has his grip on Cincinnati, despite Ingalls' great pull aided by the anti-machine Republicans. It would appear to be the belief that any Republican will suit better than a Dem-

> There will be all kinds of a war with a mixture of Christians and Mohammedans in Eastern Turkey, and the intervention of the powers will mean a readjustment of the map.

St. Louis begins to swell up with pride because Chicago's exposition will be eclipsed by the Louisiana Purchase

Sugar on Hawaii,

Purser Burningham of the Kinau reports the following sugar on Hawaii ready for shipment: Olaa, 36,775 bags Waiakea, 11,000; Hawaii Mill, 3500; Wainaku, 15,000; Onomea, 16,250; Pepcekeo, 5500; Honomu, 10,400; Hakalau 17,000; Laupahoehoe, 5300, "Maui" takes all; Ookala, 3500; Kukajau, 4000, "Maui" will take all; Hamakua, 8600; Paauhau, 3500, "Helene" takes all: Honokaa, 3000; Kukuihaele, 3500; Punaluu, nil; Honu-

On her seventieth birthday next year the Empress Dowager of China should receive a present of 100 golden Buddhas, the same thing having been done (as the N.-C. Daily News explains) upon the attainment of the seventieth birthday anniversaries of the Emperors K'ang Hsi and Chien Lung. Then the weight of the golden Buddhas was no less than, say, fifty taels' weight each, but the impoverished state of the exchequer in Peking and the exceedingly high price of pure gold preclude this at the present day, and so it has been suggested that from their ancestral hoard and the golden hoards of their husbands. Manchu and Mongol Princesses and Duchesses shall contribute the precious metal for the casting of the Buddhas in question, but, of course of a size much smaller than those made over two centuries ago.-Hongkong Press.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

A. L. Lungren has been appointed commissary sergeant in the First Regi-

The trustees of Oahu College are considering the advisability of adding a manual training department to the school curriculum.

Judge Gear yesterday appointed L. J. Aylett to temporarily perform the duties of district magistrate at Koolauloa during the illness of Judge J. Ka-

News was received by the Mauna Loa yesterday of the death of J. W. Smith at Kaawaloa, Hawali, at the age of 82 years. The deceased was the father of Hack Inspector Sidney Smith.

E. C. Peters, Deputy Attorney General, returned yesterday from Lahaina bling cases. Judge Kalua dismissed the cases against the three Chinese bankers who were fined \$400 apiece in the lower court. He found two gambiers guilty and fined them \$100 apiece Nothing further was heard of the alleged bribery of Judge Kalua.

Auditor Fisher has declined to pay out the fire claims expense appropria tion owing to the manner in which the sistant Secretary Taylor. The bill requires vouchers but the money has all been drawn already and presumably

Considerable criticism has been heard this week of the detachment from duty as the President's physician of Surg. George A. Lung, U. S. N., and his assignment to duty in the Naval Hospital in Philadelphia. Dr. Lung has been the President's physician since Dr. Presley M. Rixey was appointed Surgeon General of the Navy and has made himself exceedingly popular at the White House. It is known that Dr. Lung did not ask to be detached from his du in Washington, and that the order w not issued by direction of the Predent. What the reasons for his chan in duty so soon after his assignme are not given at the Navy Departmen Surgeon General Rixey will act as t President's physician again, and probably accompany him on his los western trip.-Army and Navy Jou

THE DAY IN CIRCUIT COUR

Charges of fraud are made by Ch nese in a suit for \$3534.25 which Chee Sun, Ching Mung, Lee Chu an Lee Yau claim has been fraudulent and falsely converted by C. Wai Ton to his own use. The defendant wa arrested on a writ of no exeat but ye terday was released upon the order Judge De Bolt who also dismissed th temporary injunction. He claims have been taken from his sick bed an alleges that he was unconscious whi under arrest at the station.

The plaintiffs claim to have forme with the defendant the firm of Sin Lung Company, a dry goods corpora tion on Nuuanu street, of which Wa management was irregular.

The order was dismissed on a show ing that C. Wai Tong was seriousl ill in bed. He denies the charges or that he intends to go to China and says that Lee Chu caused the writ to issue for the purpose of injuring him. DICKEY REVERSED.

Judge Robinson yesterday reversed a decision by Judge Dickey in favor of plaintiff in the case of A. W. Judd vs. Young Ping et al. The suit was for insurance obtained by plaintiff on the property of defendant for him and Judge Robinson holds that Judd is not entitled to recovers armon five od

NEW SUITS.

Manena Castino has sued Joseph Castino for divorce, charging desertion. Louis Marks has brought suit against F. W. Makinney on a \$350 note.

ALEX. MACKINTOSH FUNERAL AT MANA

[Special to Advertiser by Wireless Telegraph.]

WAIMEA, Hawaii, April 3 .- The funeral of Alexander St. Martin Mackintosh, who died here yesterday, will take place tomorrow at Mana.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REME-DY cures the cold and does not produce any bad effects. It strengthens the lungs and leaves the system in a healthy condition. It always cures and cures quickly. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd. agents for Hawaii.

Wants Property Divided.

Maggie Fisher has brought suit in the Circuit Court against Keukahi Wailehua (w) and J. Alfred Magoon to have certain lands situated at Kalaheo, Koolaupoko, Oahu, partitioned and sold. There are four apanas, containing respectively 116.77 acres, 0.23 acres, 85 acres, 101 acres. The petitioner claims to be owner in fee simple of fifty acres, the defendant being owner in fee of all the rest, but which she mortgaged on February 24, 1900, to J. A. Magoon. The petitioner is twenty-one years of age.

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

"I had pains in my back, could not sleep and when I got up in the morning felt worse than the night before. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now I can sleep and get up feeling rested and able to do my work. I attribute my cure entirely to Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mus. J. N. PERRY, care H. S. Copeland, Pike Road, Ala.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Cure kidney and liver troubles, relieve the back, and build up the whole system.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Hono-lulu, H. I.

A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importerand Commission Merchants, Honolu-lu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE. (Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO .- Ma-chinery of every descrition made to

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, April 6, 1903.

| NAME OF STOCK | Capital | Val. | Bid | Ask |
|---|----------------------|-----------|--------------|-------|
| MERCANTILE | | - | | |
| C. Brewer & Co L. B. Kerr Co., Ltd | 1,000,000 | | | |
| SUGAR | | | | 2 |
| Ewa. Haw. Agricultural Co. | 5,000,000 | 20 100 | 221/2 | 2854 |
| Haw. Com. & Sug. Co. Haw. Sugar Co | 2.312.750 | 100 | | |
| MOHOMU | 2,009,000 750,000 | 20 100 | | 26% |
| Honokaa Haiku | 2.000 000 | 20 | | |
| Kahuku Kihei Plan, Co., L'd | 500,000 | 100 | : | 23 |
| Kihei Plan. Co., L'd | 2,500,000 | 50 | 8 | 2.77 |
| Kipahulu | 160,000 500,000 | 100 | **** | 60 |
| McBryde Sug. Co. L'd. Oahu Sugar Co. | 8,500,000 | 100 | 414 | |
| | | 20 | 41/4 10/2 | 100 |
| Ookala Olaa Sugar Co. Ltd. Olowalu Paauhau Sugar Plan- | 500,000 | 20 | + | 103 |
| Olowalu | 150,000 | 100 | | 103 |
| tation Co | E 000 000 | 12 | - UH | |
| Pacific | 5,000,000 | 100 | | ••••• |
| Paia Pepeekeo | 750,000 | 100 | | |
| Pioneer | 750,000 2,750,000 | 100 | **** | 1/8 |
| WAIIDED | 4.500,000 | 100 | | 59 |
| Waimanalo | 252,000 | 100 | | |
| STEAMSHIP CO'S | | 91 | | |
| Wilder B. B. Co | 500,000 | 100 | 105 | 120 |
| inter-Island 8. S. Co | 600,000 | 100 | , | |
| MISCRILLANBOUS | - 2 | 2 | | |
| Haw'n Electric Co | 500,000 1,000,000 | 100 | | |
| Hon, R. T. & L. Co | 1,000,000 | 100 | ***** | 75. |
| Mutual Tel. Co | 4,000,000 | 100 | ::::: | 95 |
| Bowne | | | | |
| Haw, Govt, 5 p. c | | | 98 | |
| Haw. Govt. 8 p. c Hilo R. R. Co. 6 p. c Hon. R. T. & L. Co. | | | | |
| 5 p. c | | ••••• | 100 | ••••• |
| Sp. C. Sps. Pl'n 6 p. c. D. H. & L. Co. Shu Pl'n 6 p. c. Diss Pl'n 6 p. c. Nation Ag. Co. 6 p. c. Kainku Ag. Co. 6 p. c. Canku f p. c. Ploneer Mill Co. | | | 104% | 1111 |
| laa Pl'n 6 p. c. | | ••••• | | •••• |
| Waialus Ag, Co. 6 p. c. | | | | |
| annau 6 p. c | | | | 1001 |

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey, Published

| Day | X | BAROM. | | THERM. | | S. Bal | Hun | Clouds | Wind. | 1 |
|-----|-------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--------|-------------|---------------------|
| | March Apr. | 9 P. B | 8 p. m. | Min | Max | mfall to | | | 4 | Force. |
| 884 | 28 20 31 12 | 90.07 80.12 80.15 80.17 30.17 30.10 80.06 | 80 10 80 04 8) 04 8) 02 | 64 62 61 64 61 | 75 73 72 74 76 79 | 6 01 0 00 0 17 0 22 0 08 0 22 0 01 | 87 64 82 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | | NE NE NE NE | 4 5 3 4 2 3 4 3 8 8 |

. SE-NE. Barometer prrected to 32 F. and see level, and for standard gravity of Lat. 46.

This correction is-06 for Honolulu. TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

| Days. | Apr. | High Tide | Ht. of Tide | High Tide Small | Low Tide | Small | San Rises. | Sun Seta | and Sets. |
|-----------------------|------|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Mon. | 8 | a m. | Ft. | p.in. 12 20 | 6.17 | p.m. 5 48 | 5.49 | 6.16 | Sets. 1.40 |
| Tues. Wed Thur. | | 0 10 1 05 1 59 P.m. | 1.6 1.5 1.6 | | 7 00 7 \$7 8.10 | 7 52 | 5.48 8.47 5.46 | | 3 36 |
| Frid | | 3 08 | 1500 | 2 48 3 24 | 1000 | 9 24 | 5.45 5.44 | 777 | Rise |
| Bun Mon | | 4 22 5.00 | 1.7 | 3 59 4 85 | 9 57 10 24 | 10 5t 11 38 | 5 48 | 6 18 6 19 | 7 17 8 12 |
| Fu | 11 | moor | on | the | 11th. | 1:48 | p. | m.; | sun |

on meridian, 12:2. Times or the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Sur-

vey tables.

The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur bout one hour earlier than at Honolulu. Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 30 ninutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees 30 minutes. The time whistle blows at 1:30 p. m., which is the same as Greenwich, 9 hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for



DEATH OF

Well Known Man asked further that the committee on agriculture be instructed to draw up a Dies at Maui Home.

WAILUKU. Maui, April 4. - The

On Tuesday evening last Henry Tallant, for many years a sugar boiler at the Wailuku Plantation mill, died of pneumonia at his residence near Wailuku. Mr. Tallant was one of the most popular and highly respected Hawaiians on Maui, and a useful man and citizen. Last fall during the political campaign he filled the arduous position of secretary of the Republican com-mittee in a highly satisfactory manner.

His fraternal brothers administered to all the needs of his last hours, and his lodge took charge of the remains, giving them sepulture at his residence on Wednesday afternoon with all the formal and affectionate rites which mark the farewell of a beloved and departed brother.

Mr. Tallant was 42 years of age at the time of his death, and leaves an invalid wife and five children, the youngest of whom is only two weeks

DEATH OF MRS. PALI.

Mrs. Paaoao Pali, wife of Rev. A. Pali and mother of Hon. Philip A. Pali, passed away on March 28, after a long period of suffering from organic disease. There was a large attendance at the funeral on the following day at the Wainee church. Rev. S. Kapu, Rev. Mr. Nawahine, Major Harris and the Salvation Army lads and lassies took part in the services. The musical selections were all appropriate, and were well rendered.

OTHER MAUI NOTES.

The News offers a cash prize of \$50 to any full blooded Hawaiian boy on Maui who captures the Annapolis mid-

nene, died of consumption at Los Angeles, Cal., March 6.

W. O. Smith and General A. S. Hartwell of Honolulu arrived on Wednesday's Claudine to attend to matters in connection with water rights on Maul, leaving on Thursday night.
Mr. Charles L. Beal of Honolulu went

to Keanae by Wednesday's Claudine to take the position of bookkeeper for Mr. M. M. O'Shaughnessy, superintendent of construction of the new ditch. It is rumored that Kahului may not be able to enter a league team for lack

of a pitcher. Try and rustle up one, Rev. George L. Pearson of Honolulu came on Wednesday to conduct the christening ceremonies of the child of

Mr. Fred G. Douse of Pala on Wednesday evening, and on Thursday went to Lahaina to visit the Japanese mission, leaving for Honolulu by the Kinau. Maul is planning to capture the big

races on the Fourth, and big purses will do the work.

The Lahaina boys will enter a cup winning team in the Maui Baseball

League this year. More cool weather, north winds and

rain during the early part of the week,

regular April showers. It would pay for all those on Maui interested in tourist travel to combine and have the cottage at the summit of

Haleakala put in repair. It would not cost much. Attorney D. H. Case will occupy the

present tax office, adjoining the bank, as a law office and the tax office will be moved into the law office of the late The Fishmarket below the bridge on

Market street, an old landmark, is being overhauled and a new roof put on with the view of fitting up the building

The water right question between the H. C. & S. Co. and the Walluku Sugar Company is assuming an acute phase, a and it is heped that an amicable ad-justment of the matter will soon be

Te meeting of the Maui Racing As sociation, which had been called for this evening has been postponed to next Tuesday evening, April 7, and owing to the important matters to be considered and decided upon, every member of the

HOUSE GETS DOWN TO WORK

(Continued from page 1.)

LEPROSY CAUSE FOR DIVORCE. Pulaa introduced a bill making lep-

reading by title. H. M. von Holt and his associates to build a railway on the Island of Kaual, said road to run from the Kekaha mill site to Eleele, thence to Wahiawa, thence to Kukuuila Bay, to Koloa Bay, and Senator Brown said that he believto Lihue mill site, to Hanamalu, to Kauiainaloo, to Makee mill site and thence to Hanalei valley. Under the provisions of the bill the road and its rolling stock are to be exempted from taxation for a term of ten years. Passed first reading by title.

Jaeger also introduced a bill to improve the inter-island wireless telegraph service, and granting a subsidy of \$12,000 a year for two years to the Inter-Island Telegraph Company in consideration of that company giving said the House should refuse to ac-the improved service specified in the cept the report and then the Senate bill, such subsidy to be paid at the rate of \$1,000 per month. Passed first read-

Nakaleka introduced a resolution calling for an appropriation of \$19,000 to build a hospital for lepers on Molokat. Adopted.

WRIGHT IS WRONG.

Wright introduced a resolution ask-

for information as to the number of Asiatics and the number of Americans employed as laborers in road building on Hawaii, Adopted.

A resolution from Wright asked Congress to give a bounty to coffee growers on the Islands, and that a commission be sent to Washington to urge such action upon the national body, such commission to be appointed by and work under the direction of the Delegate-elect to Congress. The mover concurrent resolution embodying this idea. The Speaker said that a member could not compel a standing committee of the House to introduce a resolution. He was at liberty to do it himself, if he wanted to. Anyway, the House had already passed a resolution asking an appropriation of \$20,000 for a coffee bounty. There was some little dis-cussion, the end of it all being that Wright's resolution was declared to be out of order.

A LITTLE SPAT.

Andrade gave notice of the introduction of a bill to provide for the support of dependent heirs out of the estates of deceased persons, which measure passed first reading by title, and Kaniho wanted to double up on the bill already introduced nullifying marriages between leprous and non-leprous persons. Then the House was about to proceed with the regular order, when Kumalae arose to a question of personal privilege on the grievance that the Committee on Public Health had not made any report on House Bill 30 forbidding the Board of Health to take into its own hands the destruction of infected prop-erty, which he said had been in the hands of the committee for thirty days. Chillingworth said that if Kumalae would attend to his duty as a member of the health committee this bill, as well as many others, would have been reported long ago. The Speaker ordered the committee to meet and consider this bill, and Kumalae proceeded to state several other grievances of like nature against the other standing committees. There was a lot of squabbling, and some recrimination, and then the House proceeded to the order of the day, which was the routine advancement of a number of bills on second

DIMOND GAS BILL PASSED. This being concluded, the Dimond gas franchise bill was taken up and passed second reading. It now goes to the Governor. Long cast the only vote

against the measure, House Bill 79, which is a bill to facilitate the collection of debts due from government beneficiaries, came next, Miss Minnie Lindholm, a very popular and as this apparently had the most young lady, recently a resident of Puuactive kind of opposition, it was agreed to take a recess at 5 o'clock until 7:30, at which time the House would go into committee of the whole on the meas-ure. Then, after one or two of the law association bills had been read, it was discovered that a number of committees wanted to meet in the evening, and so the recess proposition was reconsidered, and the House adjourned until this morning.

IN THE SENATE

Senator Kalauokalani presented a petition from forty-eight citizens of the Fifth District asking that an item of \$600 be inserted in the Appropriation bill for the pay of J. K. Maunakea for the care of Kunawai springs. He claims to have been commissioned by J. H. Boyd and not paid for his work,

Senator Dickey moved the insertion of an item of \$2500 in the Appropriation bill for a new school house at Hu-elo, Maui. Both matters will be considered with the Appropriation bill. Senator Isenberg presented a petition for an appropriation of \$2500 for the aid of the Associated Charities.

Referred to the Miscellaneous Commit-WANT LOCAL OPTION. Senator Dickey presented seven peti-

tions from the various islands request-ing that the local option bill be reconsidered and passed. Received and filed. Senator C. Brown presented a peti-

tion from H. N. Almy asking that \$693, balance on liquor license at Waikiki Inn. be returned to him. He states that Treasurer Wright refused to turn over the license to L. H. Dee when the saloon was purchased by him. Referred to Ways and Means Committee.

Senator Crabbe presented a petition from John A. Cummins for the refund of the \$5,000 fine paid by him for treason. He claims to have been unjustly convicted by court martial while the civil courts were in service. Referred to Ways and Means Committee.

Upon motion of Senator C. Brown the Senate refused to concur in the House amendment striking out Section 9 of Senate Bill No. 66. Senator Brown stated that Section 9 was exactly the same as in the present law.

Senator Isenberg moved the insertion of an item of \$400 in the Appropriation bill for repairs to court house at Hau-ula. To be considered with the Appropriation bill.

Senator C. Brown gave notice of a bill to provide for a digest of the Hawaiian Supreme Court reports.

EMERGENCY BILL AGAIN. Senator Achi moved to reconsider the report of the Emergency Appropriation rosy cause for divorce. Passed first Bill Conference Committee saying that eading by title.

Jaeger introduced a bin to authorize claimed the committee exceeded its powers in inserting an item of \$20,000 for Waimea bridge as neither the Senate nor House had passed that item. Senator Baldwin took the same view

ed the item was in the House bill. "But it isn't there," said Achi. "I am not going to take your word for it," replied Brown. "I want to see the original bill."

The bill was sent for and found not to contain the item for the blidge and Achi then wanted the Senate to refuse to accept the report. Senator Baldwin said that the Senate had passed the bill and couldn't take a report which was in the House from the table. He could reconsider. Senator Achi claimed this to be an extraordinary case and wanted the bill reconsidered. Senator Paris, who was in the chair, finally stopped the discussion by ruling that the bill was not properly before the

Senator Crabbe moved the insertion

THREE POWERS SERVE NOTICE ON TURKEY TO MAKE PEACE

England, Russia and Austria Send Ultimatum to the Porte and Threaten Military Occupation If Pacification Is Delayed.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM)

LONDON, April 5 .- The crisis in Turkish affairs has come, in Angeles, Cal., \$5.00; Mr. A. H. Smith, the opinion of those who have watched affairs in the East. This was developed today when formal notice was served upon Turkey, either to pacify the revolting provinces of submit to military occupation by Cal., \$1.00; money taken in at Orphan-

The Ambassadors of England, Austria and Russia submitted to the Porte today at Constantinople, a joint note in the form of an ultimatum. It is set forth in this diplomatic last word, that the outpreak of the Albanian rebels must be suppressed as the peace of the border provinces is destroyed, and the interests of the citizens of the nations in the tripartite agreement threatened.

After emphasizing the necessity for immediate action, the ultimatum is set forth, that in the event of the failure of Turkey to accomplish the pacification of the provinces, the areas in disorder will be occupied at once, and in force, by the military of the three powers.

There is given out here nothing as to the agreement of the powers signatory to the note, as to what form the military demonstration will take, but it is understood that there will be immediate action upon the elapsing of a reasonable time for the completion of the work of suppression of the rebellion.

Meanwhile news from the revolting provinces is disquieting. It is reported that the Mohammedans of Bosnia and Herzegovina are arming for the purpose of assisting the Albanians. Should this prove to be correct the strength of the rebels will be greatly increased and the Sultan's forces would be met by veterans of former wars, taking up during the month. As the family inarms against their co-religionists.

SOFIA, April 5.—The Macedonian refugees in this city today held a requiem mass for the dead rebels of their province.

Bosnia and Herzegovina are two Austrian provinces, adjoining the western portion of Turkey in Europe. It is in this western portion of Turkey that the fighting is now going on and the people of these two Austrian provinces are of about the same class and habits as the Macedonians and Albanians.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 5 .- Jim McKinney, the Tulare outlaw, has killed two men in Arizona. An effort was being made to capture the Tulare man but he killed the two men and rode away shooting.

Jim McKinney was reported as missing from his usual haunts in California last July. The murderer rode out of the town of Porterville on a Sunday morning shooting a clear path.

Near Lemon Cove lives a man named Dan Overall, against whom McKinney has sworn a blood feud. Overall was once Sheriff of Tulare county and grievously offended the desperado by threatening to arrest him if he persisted in violating the law during the Overall administration. While preparing for flight from Porterville on the morning of his affray with the citizens of that place, McKinney announced, with appropriate oaths, that his chief object in whatever life might be remaining to him was the killing of Overall.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—The coasting steamer Alliance, trading between this city and Seattle, is reported ashore at Caspar, about five miles north of Mendocino. The Alliance left San Francisco on April 1 for Portland, and should now be on her return trip.

COPENHAGEN, April 5.—Emperor William, of Germany, took his departure today after a week's visit to the members of the royal family. It is reported that as a result of his visit the Crown Prince of Germany will be betrothed to the Duchess Cecile.

BELGRADE, April 5.—Serious riots took place here today, over the new police regulations, covering the assembling of crowds in the the starving men rioting in the streets of the towns, in their endeavors streets and public places. The police were compelled to charge upon to secure bread or money. There is danger of further outbreaks. the mobs of citizens, and many were wounded."

MADRID, April 5.—Riots of students occurred today, all over the city, and there were several of the rioters wounded by the police, days. who dispersed crowds wherever they appeared.

PARIS, France, April 6.—Mrs. Porter, wife of American Am bassador Porter, died here today.

KONA LANDS MAY BE CUT UP INTO SMALL FARMS

holdings of the Bishop estate, may be discussing what shall be done in the matter of the disposal of two large tracts, mostly overgrown with coffee, and which are now unproductive in the way of revenue to the estate.

The lands are of medium elevation and are almost perfectly level. They have been esteemed of the most pro-ductive on the Kona side and only the failure of the coffee caused their desertion by former tenants. The lands made to aliens. wallans, to whom they were leased at trustees, seeing that revenues are need-ed for the objects of the trust, are ready to take the lands. looking about for purchasers.

cussed rather fully by the trustees. discussion and settlement. The land

Two thousand acres of the finest agri- The consensus is that there should be cultural land in North Kona, of the offered to intending settlers a right of purchase lease, similar to that which is given by the government, and which put on the market for sale in small is believed by many to have been the plots at once. The trustees are now most successful form of government land transaction. These leases will be given where the settler does not wish to make an outright purchase, and will serve to keep the settlers upon the lands until such time as they are able to complete the payment of the purchase price.

The principal point in the discussion of the selling of the land is said to be whether or not there shall be sales The trustees are said have recently been in the hands of Ha- to have reached the general conclusion that the value of the grazing lands very jow rentals, in some instances only mauka would be increased if there was \$4 or \$5 a year an acre, but even this a citizen population secured, and the small price has not been paid, and the general worth of the district greatly

No decision has been reached yet, and Recently the matter has been dis- the matter will be brought up later for

is said to be of the same general nature as that which is being made so valuable by Messrs. Bruner and Buchholts, further south. Perhaps no decision will be reached until the return of Bruner, whose mission in the States may result in the coming down of many small farmers.

KONA ORPHANAGE MARCH REPORT A

The report of the Kona Orphanage for the month ending March 31st is as

Expenses-Salaries, \$120.00; labor, \$17.00; food, \$17.73; supplies, clothing. bedding, incidentals, \$60.62; total,

Receipts-The Chas. R. Bishop Trust, \$250.00; H. Hackfeld & Co., \$190.00; Mr. W. G. Irwin, \$50.00; Mr. Robert Lewers, \$50.00; Christian Church, Modesto, Cal., \$15.20; Mr. P. M. Snodgrass, \$10.00; a friend, \$5.00; Mrs. Thos. D. Garvin, Los Lihue, Kauaf, \$5.00; Lewers & Cooke, \$4.72; Mrs. A. E. Beard, Modesto, Cal., \$4.00; Mrs. D. G. Kerr, Montpellier, age, \$1.45; total, \$501.37.

Other Donations-Dr. P. T. Frear, 1 bag paiai; Yana San, 1 bag flour and services, as a photographer; Ladies' Gulld of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Walluku, Maui, box of new clothing, dolls and fancy articles; Mrs. Kalii Naluwai, taro; Mr. A. F. Schaefer, 6 dozen tins of black currant jam; Mr. Eben Low, fine mileh cow and calf; Mr. Samuel B. Letson, Los Angeles, Cal., 2 pieces of music; Mrs. Thos. D. Garvin, Los Angeles, Cal., 2 books; Miss Ellen R. Rice, Louisville, Ky., 2 books; Miss M. A. Arnold, Hartford, Conn., 2 books.

Two boxes, previously acknowledged as coming from the Kaakopua School were made up and contributed by the children of one room alone, and that Mrs. Taylor's.

I am extremely grateful to all who have in any way contributed to the work. Six children joined the family creases, in like proportion do the responsibilities. Money will be needed for the month of April. Please deposit all money for the Orphanage at Bishop's bank.

ALICE F. BEARD, Manager Kona Orphanage.

Since Wray Taylor left demands for the Chinese fund at the Treasury by Chinese desirous of returning to China have been refused.

BY HIMSELF

Burglar Aroused a Neighborhood by Bungling.

A Porto Rican burglar who attempted to enter the store of a Chinese on the makai corner of King street and Walkiki road last night, bungled his effort so badly that he aroused the entire neighborhood and fell into the hands of the police.

Jose Regi, an old offender, is the name of the burglar. The police had received a tip during the evening and Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth and several special officers posted themselves

near the King street store.

About 11 o'clock the Porto Rican came up and after taking a look up and down the street stepped upon the veranda. He put an iron rod beneath the heavy cross bar and after lifting it from its brackets it fell with a noise which roused the neighborhood.

The Porto Rican ran across the street People came out of houses in the vicinity and the police placed Regi under arrest. When searched he had a big knife and a watch which the police believe is the property of some one

A charge of burglary in the first degree was entered against Regi.

Greatest Dipth of Pacific.

The soundings made in the Moser basin and in Tonga-Kermadec deep, were accompanied by great excitement. It was on a beautiful clear day, the 20th of February, that the Albatross approached within a little more than one hundred miles of Guam. The vessel lay to, and preparations were made for one of the frequent soundings. At length, the silence was broken by a brief order and the tinkling of a bell Slowly the machinery of the engine began to work and slowly the tough wire rope began to sink beneath the wa-ter. Foot by foot, fathom by fathom, it slid from the ship. One thousand, two thousand, three and then four thousand fathoms disappeared. record was passed. Five miles of rope! It was an anxious moment, for the strain caused by the immense length and weight of the wire rope on the machinery was tremendous. But everything held firm; and at length, when the mark recorded 4,813 fathoms, or 28,-878 feet, practically the height of Mount Everest, bottom was touched. It was an added triumph for American

SAN DOMINGO REBELS STILL HOLD CAPITAL

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS,)

SANTO DOMINGO, April 5.—A desperate battle took place tr day, when the forces of the government tried to regain possession of the city, which has been held by the revolutionists for two weeks. The attack was made under the direct leadership of President Vasquez, but the rebels succeeded in beating off the government forces. Fifty United States marines have been landed to protect the legation.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 5.—The levee at the Magnolia plantation broke today, and the flood waters of the river are flowing through it, and covering a vast area of the country. There is believed to be even greater danger of serious breaks closer to the city, and the State board is adding to its levee force all the time. The resources of the city and State are being drawn upon to care for the refugees from all over the affected area. The railroads are seriously crippled by the overflowing of their tracks.

PEKIN, April 5.-The famine in the Kwang Si province, in southern China, has reached a serious stage. Disorders are reported,

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 5.—Mrs. Roosevelt returned this evening from a cruise in the Chesapeake, which has occupied several

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 5.—Fire today destroyed the business portion of Dunsmuir, B. C. The loss will reach \$200,000.

ST. LOUIS, April 5.—Tom Allen, the pugilist, is dead.

SAN DOMINGO, April 6.—During a battle here today of a Government warship with land batteries held by the rebels, a shot from the ship struck the German consulate, doing considerable damage. No loss of life is reported.

Mrs. Porter was Miss Sophie K. McHarg when she was married to Horace Porter at her home in Albany in 1863. Porter graduated from West Point in 1860. He was appointed Ambassador to France

BROTHER DUTTON SAYS DISEASE GROWS MILDER

of any cure for the disease of leprosy," said Brother Dutton of the Kalawao ered an authority on leprosy. settlement yesterday to an Advertiser

strange, and yet I am filled with the

"For seventeen years I have been idea to that extent that I have put my with the lepers and I have never known impressions on paper and sent them to Dr. R. W. Morrill, an eminent physician of New York City, who is consid-

"There is this much to be said of my representative, "but I believe there observations of 17 years, Leprosy appears to be in a much milder form than "I have had a curious idea that seems say 10 years ago. As generations come to grow stronger as times flies, and that and go the disease seems to be weakenis that there is a relationship between ing. The types I had about me years leprosy and catarrh. That may sound ago were very bad, but these you see

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distripation, worry, overwork, &c. It possesses
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THE LABOR MOVEMENT ON HAWAII

of Late Events at Hilo.

HILO, April 2.-Perhaps the most significant movement in the line of the real Americanization of these islands that has occurred lately is contained in the union labor movement recently organized at Hilo. The Herald, in its last issue, prints a story that contains, in effect, every step taken so far in the movement. It is as follows:

"Believing that the interests of Hilo will be best served by encouraging American citizens to be identified with the progress of this section of the Territory of Hawaii, the undersigned, chairmen of committees representing 262 mechanics, citizens of the United States, engaged in structural contracting and the various trades identified with this proposed organization, do hereby agree that we will employ only citizen labor; that we will work only by the side of citizen labor; that we will not finish, nor contract to finish, any work begun by aliens and that in all cases where aliens are in competition with American citizens we will give preference to the latter in all of our personal dealings."

The quotation above is the resolution offered at the meeting of mechanics of Hilo at Fireman's Hall last Saturday night. It was adopted and signed by the chairmen of committees representing eighteen trades and of which there are two hundred and sixty-two work ers in Hilo who are injured by being thrown in competition with aliens, principally Japanese.

The hall was crowded as at the first meeting and there was quite as much interest shown. Following the preamble printed above came the following reso-

Resolved, That the Territorial and lation as will bring the desired result. Resolved, That it is the sentiment of the allied trades that the contractors and mechanics be licensed and that such licenses be issued only to competent persons who are citizens of the United States. It is further,

Resolved, That all Government work either by contract or sub-contract be performed only by citizen labor.

The petition and resolutions were

signed by the following: H. Kendall for Carpenters.

Cameron for Plumbers.

E. Fuhr for Painters. A. R. Hancock for Electricians,

R. E. Byrne for Blacksmiths. J. A. McGuire for Bailroad Men.

Joaquin Carvalho for Barbers. Lehmann for Tallors.

H. Ludwig for Tinners.

P. Hale for Stevedores. W. Todd for Harnessmakers.

McAulton for Teamsters. P. C. Beamer for Gun and Lock-John Hering for Fishermen

Fred Naylor for Bollermakers. There was a motion put that a comnittee be appointed by the chair to draw a resolution to be presented to the Legislature. Chairman Kendall

named C. L. Clement, J. M. Cameron, A. R. Hancock, W. Todd and E. Wery. The chairmen of the various committees met Monday night to prepare data to be presented at a general meeting on Tuesday evening and at the atter the resolution was read and approved. At the Tuesday night meeting the hall was crowded to the walls and nly two interested persons were conspicuous by their absence. No changes in the original resolution were sug-

gested.

An employee of the Hilo Railway Co. reported that Superintendent Lambert favored this movement and was willing to pay white laborers on the docks \$1.50 per day. He believed, however, that for railway construction white men would not perform the work. In all other departments citizens would be given preference over aliens. In connection with this a gentleman present stated that a railway station is now being built on the beach by A. Richley and that only Japanese carpenters are employed. He sald further that there was a citizen present who had applied for work and had been refused. That in answer to the request for work Richley had said that he had no place for him as he had contracted with the Japanese for the work. Mr. Richley's lack of consistency in signing a peti-tion against the employment of any but citizen labor and immediately aft-

(Continued on Page 7.)

LEGISLATORS ARE TOLD OF WANTS **OF UNFORTUNATES**

Deep Significance Committees Visit the Settlement for an Investigation of Conditions and Desires.

(From Monday's Daily.)

large gathering was on hand to meet was plenty of clothing. Goods in bulk the Legislators.

Goto, the Japanese specialist, who, in manent cures.

As an investigation the visit was not settlement and come in contact with used up to April 1, when the supply the patients, and all expressed satis-gave out.

ASHORE IN THE RAIN.

In a driving rain the Kinau's passengers went ashore at Kalaupapa yesterday morning at 6:30 o'clock, the first boat carrying Senator McCandless. chairman of the Senate Health Committee, and the press representatives. Superintendent McVeigh and Deputy Sheriff Hitchcock received the visitors there. The Leper Settlement band, led by Brother Servanus, greeted each boat load with a burst of music.

As the rain began descending in a torrent Superintendent McVeigh decided that it would be impossible to hold a meeting of the people with the committee in the stockade, and it was de-cided to open Mr. McVeigh's home for the purposes of the committee. After everybody had landed and first greetings were over, a general gathering perintend From there the committee, headed by Senators McCandless, Brown and Kalauokalani, and Representatives Paele, Vida and Aylett, went to the Bishop Home for girls. In the school house the girls were assembled. The glee club and a planist gave several musical selections.

GIRLS WELL FED. Senator Kalauokalani stated the ob-

jects of the committee's presence. He asked them to answer all questions freely concerning their treatment and wants, and to make whatever suggestions occurred to them.

Mother Marianne said she would like more hospital accommodations. The blind had no suitable residence, and such a place was necessary. All that she thought was required in the way of buildings were a large general hos-pital and home for the blind. The superintendent said he had included in his estimates to the Board of Health last November, thirty new buildings, five of which were for the Bishop Home and the Governor had requested appropriations. As far as Mother Marianne

knew the children were all satisfied. Aylett asked Mother Marianne whether Dr. Goto's medicine was being supplied to the children. She replied in the negative, adding that the supply had just run out. Senator Kaiue and others endeavored to show that the disease had increased because of the lack of Goto's medicine. Asked as to a comparison of the cases before and after the use of Goto's medicine. Mother Marianne replied that the children had grown older and naturally the leprosy had developed. In the young the reme dy helped merely as a cleaning medicine. Pulsa then interrogated the children who answered in chorus that the Mother's statements were correct.

AT HOME FOR BOYS.

The committee secured horses and Home for Boys. They were cordially greeted by Brother Dutton, whose selfsacrifice in behalf of the lepers has become so widely known. After being shown through his quarters the guests went to the school house where the boys' band played several selections. The boys were assembled by Brother Dutton and were told by Senator Kalauokalani of the objects of the visit. Prince Kuhio was introduced to the boys and received an ovation. Kalauokalani asked for complaints, if any, as to flour, meats, and all food stuffs. Several members began private investigations and came to the conclusion that one or two boys were not lepers. Brother Dutton had no special rec-

Many were the wants expressed by when this could best be done by the the unfortunates at the leper settlement to the committees of the Legisla- Board of Health. This was called for, ed. Ample food was supplied by the ture which spent yesterday in inspect- net by ration measure, but by requisiing the settlement villages. The cold tion on the first of every month. Evrain kept many in their homes, but a crything asked for was given. There

Through a committee the lepers asked shop conducted at the Home. for more clothing, more food, every-thing, in fact, and not least, for Dr. Brother Dutton said there was no regu-As to an effort to cure leprosy, lar system adopted for cure, except the opinion of many, could effect per- the use of the Goto medicines for bathing. This did not cure, but acted as a cleansing medicine and to a certain a great success, but it gave an opporting the great stayed the ravages of the distunity for the Legislators to see the case. The Goto medicines had been

> "Have you had good results from the use of the Goto medicine?"

"Well, while it was continued it was good cleanser and served to check rapid development. I don't regard it as

cure for leprosy, however." During this investigation by Senator McCandless the remaining Senators paid no attention to the remarks, but worked up "cases" that they did not consider were lepers.

Prince Kuhio asked several ques-tions, among them if the Brother thought there were cases that should be sent to Honolulu for re-examina-tion. But Brother Dutton said no.

Kaniho was told by the boys they got good food, that they did not receive tua-tua treatment and that they wanted Goto's medicines. John Ahua, an awa drinker, was the kicker, he objecting to having poi pounded by boys as he wanted kokuas to do it, also wanted clean casks. He had never tried Goto's remedies but a friend said they had not helped him. Ahua wanted poi twice a day. As he is sixty years old he can leave the Home whenever he wishes.

Senator McCandless asked Ahua if he did not think his statements were an injustice to the Brothers who were doing so much for his fellow-unfortunates. Ahua answered doggedly that he wanted to make the statements to show what was going on. Brother Dutton stated that those who were sick were fed on "saloon" bread and not the hard bread. Brother Dutton said Ahua would rather talk than work. Makaimoku, who has been at the settlement since November last, abused the Board of Health, saying he had never had medical treatment, that the food was bad, the poi poor and every-

thing wrong. He also talked of working without receiving pay.

Brother Dutton said the doctor treat-

ed the patients for fevers and other

minor allments, not for leprosy. BAND PLAYS FOR PATIENTS.

The committee thanked Brother Dutton and the Catholic Brothers for their hospitality, and the return by horseback to Kalaupapa was made in a driving rain which thoroughly soaked the already drenched riders. At the residence of Superintendent Mc-Veigh all the Kinau guests were given a luncheon, tables being set within the house while luau tables were spread in the grounds, where the band and others During the noon hour band played several selections, and in the forenoon visited the Bishop Home for Girls where most of the population gathered to hear the band, the vocalists receiving much applause Dr. Cooper, president of the Board

of Health, joined the committee at Superintendent McVeigh's residence, rode to Kalawao and the Baldwin and the entire delegation went to Beretania Hall where the lepers gathered in large numbers, despite the terrific rain. Senator Kalauokalani called attention to the purpose of the committee in appearing before the people. The committee was ready to listen to sugges-tions and recommendations, but not trivial matters. The committee wanted facts. Senator Kalauokalani said that he had heard nothing but praise for Superintendent McVeigh.

Senator Cecil Brown spoke in a similar vein. W. O. Smith spoke of his work in Washington against the prop-W. O. Smith spoke of his osition to put the Leper Settlement under Federal control.

Prince Kuhio addressed the people

now treated showed they were living in a Paradise compared to what other people were subjected to under similar * circumstances. As to the cure of lepeminent physicians in foreign countries were studying the disease and as yet had not discovered its cure. He said he was in favor of having physicians come here especially to study leprosy.

WANTS OF LEPERS.

A petition asking for a raise of the clothing money from \$10 to \$16 per an-num was presented. Senator McCandless asked the chairman for other state-ments. They said that twenty-one pounds of palai for a ration was insufficient for a week's meals. The pounds of meat was insufficient and he considered 10 pounds about right. Senator McCandless said that the paini ration was to be raised to twenty-five pounds. The chairman said also that the people were all of the opinion that the children over five years of age should receive the same ration as the older people. The chairman, in fact, found that everything in the food supply was "insufficient." Then the lepers asked for mutton twice a month, a quarter of a cord of wood a month, more of Dr. Goto's medicine, another physician in place of Dr. Goodhue, a rule permitting the lepers to raise taro with the privilege of selling it to the settlement at the same prices the outside contractors are now receiving. A school house was also asked for Kala-

WANT DR. GOTO.

The chairman then called attention to rumors that Dr. Goto had cured many people and he wanted the gov-ernment to have him sent to the settlement. When asked whether they be lieved in Goto they replied in loud chorus, "Yes." One man, Kealoha, arose and said he had been cured, and had remained cured for nine years. He said he was a very bad case when Goto took him. Others rose with tes-timony of cures, until more than a dozen had told of "cures," which se-cured only retarding of disease.

All the lepers seemed to place absolute trust in Dr. Goto and wanted the Legislature to send for him. Nathaniel said there was a division of sentiment, some wanted Goto and others a white

AMBROSE HUTCHINSON TALKS.

Ambrose Hutchinson said the settlement was poorly equipped for the treatment of leprosy. There were no steam baths, hot baths, or well-equipped hos-He was opposed to Dr. Goto, and said he was unable to treat the disease. He called him a quack and said that Dr. Goodhue was the worst he had seen in 24 years,

Tom Nathaniel arose and excitedly opposed many of Hutchinson's statements. He did not want to ask for hospitals, which would not be built for years, and he wanted a physician at once who could begin to effect the cure of their affliction.

It was a strange scene in this little recreation hall when the lepers laid bare the anguish of their souls to the committee. In the main part of the hall the lepers, men and women, sat in rows upon benches, the most outcast of the world's diseased and afflicted ones. A fence seperated the lepers from the committee and all those who came from Honolulu, who sat upon chairs and benches. One by one the crippled pleaders came to the bar, showing their grief in their seamed faces as they told of their wants. The conference ended in a general interchange of conpliments.

FAREWELLS AT KALAUPAPA.

Shortly after 5 o'clock Senator Mc-Candless gave the order to go aboard the ship. The government band, which had played during the afternoon at the pital, rendered several selections of the landing, where most of the lepers congregated. A quintette stood on the shore and sang farewells.

At 5:45 p. m. the anchor was hoisted, and the vessel came into Honolulu harbor at 11:30 o'clock.

THOSE WHO WERE THERE.

Those who went on the expedition were Prince Kuhio, Speaker Beckley, Bandmaster Berger, William Savidge, R. A. Kearns, I. R. Cockett, E. J. Crawford, W. H. Thornton, D. Kama, H. Peters, H. C. Pfluger, A. M. Merrill, Annie Makalo, Mrs. J. Mahuka, Miss Paawela, D. P. Okuu, Maria K. Pilkol, Mrs. Kauwela, Mrs. R. A. Holstein, Ed. Holstein, Minnie Hutchinson, Mrs. Anahu, Kela Kaipo, F. J. Testa for dependent, Henshall for the Star, A. P. Taylor for Advertiser, H. W. Kin-ney for Bulletin, Mr. Prendergast, Willie Keawe, J. K. Gandall, W. P. Haia, Edward Stiles, S. K. Kalli, H. M. Kaniho, C. H. Pulaa, M. K. Kealawaa, H. C. Vida, Geo. P. Thieland, W. J. Coelho S. K. Maloi, Miss Kelijaa, Edward L. Like, K. Hoshima, E. J. Watermann Wm. Wilson, Mrs. K. Kahea, Mrs. Kelinoi, Agnes Polikapa, W. N. Purdy, I. Feary, W. White, Mr. Paawela, Mr. Mahina, John Baker, Mr. Kailimai, J. M. Kealoha, Wm. Olepau, C. Notley, D. Notley, P. Silva, Henry Heanu, Mr. Koelepa, Rev. Mr. Mahoe, Joe Mahoe, J. Ku. Mrs. Alapai, Miss Kelupaina Spencer, O. K. Poniakalani, S. Nakapaahu, K. Nakapaahu, Dr. Alvarez, Victor Lappe, Jas. Pakele, J. D. Lewis, Jas. H. Auld, Makauli Naaupi, Frank Kupihea, D. H. Hakuole, Kaula Kaai, R. W. Aylett, Mr. Nakaleka, Robt. Kamakaea, S. K. Oili, Philip Pa-li, A. C. Amana, Dr. Camp. Capt. U. S. G. White, U. S. N., L. L. McCand-less. Cecil Brown, Dr. C. B. Cooper, W. Smith, Mr. Kalauokalani, Mr. Kalue Rev. J. Kekipi, L. R. Bricker, W. R. Sims, Harry Kalili, Ed. Quinn, H. Vierra. M. Hopkins, Wm. Jarrett. Capt. Clarke was in command of the

Kinau, Dickey Davis went out as purser and E. J. Waterman as freight

A PAIN IN THE CHEST is nature's warning of a threatened attack of pneumonia. Dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind over the seat of pain, and another of the back between the shoulders. One

Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii, Secretary Carter has received a re-



Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

coughs and old colds.

Mrs. A. White, of Fitzroy, Victoria, says: "I had a very hard cough night and day I tried many remedies, but without relief. I thought my lungs were nearly gone. I then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I began to improve at once, and only one and one-half bottles completely cured me."

There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them! Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Two sizes. Large and small bottles. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A. HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agenta.

THE FIRST

American Savings & Trust Co. OF HAWAII, LTD.

Capital, \$250,000.00. King streets.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS received and interest allowed for yearly deposits at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum. Rules and regulations furnished upon

Ex "Sonoma"

A new supply of

Fresh Vegetable and Flower

5c Per Package and guaranteed fresh.

Hollister Drug company.

Fort Street.

CHAS, BREWER & CO'S.

NEW YORK LINE Regular Packets Sailing from NEW YORK to HONOLULU at regular intervals. For freight rates apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO.

27 Kilby St., Boston.

MR. GREENWELL **EXPLAINS VOTE**

OR C. BREWER & CO.,

LIMITED. HONOLULU.

"I wanted to explain to the Legislature yesterday why I had changed my on the County bill in the House," said Representative Greenwell, of Kona, yesterday. "The reason are simple enough. I am not opposed to the County bill, as such. I voted as I did in

justice to my people. "In the bill as it came down from the Senate the island of Hawaii was divided into the two counties of East Hawaii and West Hawaii. In the county of West Hawaii, originally, were included the districts of North Kohala. South Kohala, North and South Kona, and Kau. The district of Hamakua was included in the county of East Hawaii. The House committee has changed this, putting the district of Hamakua in West Hawaii, instead of Kau, and making Waimea the county

"Now, in my opinion, Waimea is the most undesirable place possible for a county seat. The county seat of that county should have been in Kona."

application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, A complete directory of the Notaries Public of the Territory is published in the Commercial Record. It will be Brother Dutton had no special recommendation. There were some improvements needed for the Home especially in the matter of sewerage ment. The manner in which they were of the County bill before answering.

Brother Dutton had no special recommendation. Quest from the Postoffice Department for information regarding counties in those needing the services of a Notary.

Bomburg-Bremen Fire Insurance & THROWN FROM

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company
are prepared to insure risks against
fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and
on Merchandise stored therein on the
most favorable terms. For particulars
apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ee Co OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorabli-terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agenta.

General Insurance Co. for Sea River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.



We sell a fine heavy solid gold, hunting or open face, plain or engraved, with 17-

\$50.00.

Also much cheaper ones; but there's a difference, of

For perfection of time keeping and sterling worth you cannot do better than to purchase one of our spe-

\$50.00.

My white the or the second or H.F.WICHMAN

BOX 342.

BAILIFFS WILL BE PAU SOON

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Governor Dole vesterday signed the bill repealing the bailiff act and it will take effect on July 1st. The repeal wipes out the present bailiffs, which include Bailiffs Hopkins and Ellis in Honolulu and one bailiff in each of the other circuits.

The old bailiff law, familiarly known as the Humphreys act, gave the bailiffs the same powers as sheriffs and many abuses resulted from this authority. Since the advent of Judge De Bolt and Judge Robinson the jury drawing abuse has been stopped and the bailiffs brought to their proper position of simply preserving order in the court room.

There is some talk now of getting an appropriation through for "bailiffs to be appointed by each circuit judge' which would not however give them the same powers as under the Humphreys act. If no provision is made for bailiffs old practice of detailing a police officer for the duty will have to be fol-

To Be Depended On

Because It Is the Experience of a Honolulu Citizen and Can Readily be Investigated

A stranger lest in a large city would place far more dependence on the directions given him by a local resident than the guidance of another stranger extravagant and that the claimants like himself. This is a natural consequence of experience; it's like a ship n a strange port-a trusty pilot familiar with the harbor is always called Plantation and \$300 for Kukaiau Planupon to bring her safely to her moor-So it is with endorsement; we doubt the sayings of people living at a school building from the Oahu Sugar distant point because we can't investigate, but public expression of local citizens can be depended upon, for 'tis government. The committee makes no an easy matter to prove it. Evidence

like the following is beyond dispute:-Mr. W. F. Williams of this city, is a light-house keeper, and he has held this position for the last 30 years. He says: "I was for a number of years, one of that numerous army of people who suffer with their backs. Mine ached and pained me to no small extent, so that I was glad when I heard of a remedy for it. Doan's Backache Kidney I obained some of these at the Hollister Drug Co.'s store, and took They gave me great relief, and I make this short narration of my experiences for the benefit of others who perhaps do not know that nearly all backache arises from the kidneys, and the best medicine for it is Doan's Back-

ache Kidney Pills." Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box, for sale by all druggists; sent by mail on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu wholesale agents for the Hawaiian

FIRE TRUCK

Ladderman Frank Smith Meets With a Serious Accident While Answering an Alarm.

While on the way to a fire the sudden jolting of the hook-and-ladder truck threw Fireman Frank Smith from his position on the running board. He struck the pavement head foremost and was still unconscious when brought to the hospital. It was feared by the house physician that he had received internal injuries which might preve fatal.

Smith is stationed at the Central Fire Station, corner Fifth and Valley streets, Burlington, Ia., and in referring to the accident, he said to a reporter: My whole system had received a violent shock which affected my nerves fearfully. The doctor said I had nervous prostration. I would often start trembling out of a nervous sleep, covered with a cold perspiration, and immy whole body would be numb and cramps in my limbs.

"For a long time after leaving the hospital I was so weak that I could not steadily refused to return. I could not eat and the tonics and appetizers they gave me did me no good. I was too ick to go on duty and the doctor said it would take a long time to recuperate. was discouraged and disheartened.

"Then a friend persuaded me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale Peo-They gave me strength, quieted my nerves so that I could get a refreshnight's sleep, my appetite came back and I soon began to feel better. In a short time I was cured and now I feel perfectly well and strong.'

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have a double action-on the blood and on the nerves. It is not claimed that these pills are a cure-all, but the very nature of the remedy makes it efficacious in a wider range of diseases than any other. It is a scientific preparation designed to cure diseases through a direct action on the blood

At druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., on receipt of price, fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars

AND COUNTY BILL PUSHED THROUGH

(Continued from Page 3.)

The committee recommends the allowance of the \$115,000 claim for the Hackfeld wharf, on condition that Hackfeld & Co. relinquish all claims to the wharf and the prior right to its The committee says however:

"We reluctantly recommend the payment of this claim upon the ground that refusal to pay the same would have the appearance of repudiation on the part of the Territory and injure its credit. In this transaction the credit of the Territory was pledged for a large sum of money in a wholly irregular the present crop has come to market. manner and entirely without warrant of law. The entire amount of this work was done under the authority of a letter from the then Superintendent of Public Works. We cannot too severely condemn the methods and operations by which claims against the Territory can be permitted to accrue to such a large amount and in such a manner. The precedent established is an extremely dangerous one, for, if public officials without warrant of law can pledge the credit of the Territory for such a large amount as here involved. there is no limit to the amount of debt that can be incurred by officials acting

without proper authority." The committee further says that it is shown that the contractors received a profit of \$13,877.09 in commissions on labor and material and recommends a law to make impossible a recurrence of a matter of this kind.

BILLS TOO HIGH

C. H. Dickerson's claim for \$57.50 as a fee for attending an auction sale for Supt. Boyd is cut to \$25. The committee also says that the bills for extinguishing the Hamakua forest fires are were protecting their own property as much as that of the government. items of \$875.20 interest, \$200 for Ookala tation are stricken out. The committee cuts an Item of \$126 for rent of Co. in half and recommends that all rented buildings be purchased by the recommendation as to the item of \$5,549 for J. J. Belser, widening Waikiki road. The Rapid Transit Co. has paid of this amount the sum of \$2,025 and also \$128. Senator Achi wanted the report laid

on the table as he claimed that the committee had been simply told to bring in a bill and had no business investigating the various bills. Senator Baldwin defended the committee and the two bills introduced by Senator Dickey, one covering the road items. the other the remaining unpaid bills, passed first reading.

NEW BILLS.

Senator Baldwin introduced a bill to regulate the practice of pharmacy. Senator Achi introduced a bill relating to fereign corporations. Both passed first reading.

It is reported from Maul that Judge Kalua is to be a candidate for sheriff in the event that the County bill be-

EDWARD M. BOYD.

Sugar is down close to the bottom, for there cannot be greater disparity than now exists between the price of centrifugals and the London rates for beets, and still there is talk of better things here. The bottom has not dropped out and pessimists are not in the highest favor. All going to show that there is a good time coming, according to the views of the safest financiers and the closest watchers of the market,

The week has been a very quiet one, the stock market being without feature, unless the fact that Ewa bonds are being liquidated furnishes a news piece. The bonds now outstanding, of this estate, amount to a half million. In July there will be taken up 40 per cent of the issue, and the fact that these bonds must be drawn by lot makes the securities not desirable by the people who are holding onto investments. The bonds thus have gone down until the sale at par indicates the value placed on them, simply for tue reason that they may have only a short life.

There has been the usual discussion in business circles of the legislative features, and the tendency is to believe that all attempts to get at the government funds for the purpose of keeping them have been stalled off, and perhaps the only thing that can pass the Legislature will be a broader depositary bill than was contemplated at first. The latest attempt to get at funds which belong in the Territorial Treasury is the bill to constitute a trustee for the Chinese fund. As if that waif had not already had enough trouble. It will be found, I believe, that the only possible legislation in this regard will be the taking over of the fund by the government as a realization, and the making of a charge against the Treasury of the amounts due to agining something horrible was about the various beneficiaries. In this way the only responsible party, the Territo happen. There would be times when tory, will have the funds in its charge. There will be no third party who "may be sued," but the Treasury will have the benefit of the funds unclaimed then again there would be terrible and the use of the coin during times of depression between tax collection periods.

Attention is called to the condition of the Hawaiian Sugar Company by the local publication of the statement of the Makawell Company at San walk across the room and my strength Francisco, which now has control of the local corporation. The statement there that \$150,000 of the bonds had been sold to complete the ditch is satisfactory, in that it shows that there could have been any amount of the bonds sold, but there was no need, and the prospects are that the plantation will find itself in the very best shape without the necessity of any new debt.

> The talk of larger dividends has dropped out of sight since the fall in sugar. There seems every reason to think that there may be better prices. but the people here have now come to realize that the trust is IT, and if it wills the season will pass without any kind of improvement. The statistical position is fair, and the outlook is quite good. Thus Willett & Gray say in their circular of March 19:

> STATISTICS BY SPECIAL CABLES .- CUBA-The six principal ports: Receipt, 40,500 tons; exports, 10,300; stock, 384,000 tons, against 336,072 tons

> EUROPE-Stock in Europe, 2,759,000 tons, against 3,000,874 tons last year, Total stocks of Europe and America, 3,216,574 tons., against 3,456,415 tons last year at the same uneven dates, and 3,512,595 tons at the even date of January 1, 1903. The decrease of stock is 239,958 tons, against a decrease of 276,941 tons last week, and a decrease of 126,192 tons January 1, 1903.

RAWS-The fact that refiners have bought quite freely of raw sugars, in anticipation of the passage of the Cuban reciprocity treaty, without amendment, has placed Cuban planters, temporarily, at a disadvantage in making further sales, and they must have a little patience and let the refiners use up some of the sugars already bought. With this patience for only a short time, it is undoubtedly to be expected that they will get more money for their sugars than if they forced them to a sale on the present overbought market. A few parties, however, will always insist on selling, and those parties, this week, were obliged to accept 1-32c reduction in price, while, at the close, a full 1-16c per pound is asked for by the refiners and will, no doubt, be obtained on the next purchases. This makes the quotation for 96 per cent test centrifugal sugars 3.72c, duty paid, or 2 1-32c c. & f., nominal, with 2.69c or 2c c. & f. the best bid and the market for the moment in favor of buyers. Very considerable sales, however, have resulted in Cuba to England, at the equivalent of a trifle better than 2 1-16c c. & f. 96 degree test, by reason of the %c per pound lower parity here than for beet sugars abroad. Such a difference causes these shipments to Europe—a feature of the trade which has been unknown for twenty years past-except for an occasional small shipment-and cannot long be continued, the final result being a closing up of the difference between New York and Hamburg markets. Sales of low grades, which are in smaller supply than centrifugals, have been made on basis of 34c for 89 degree test Muscovados, and 3c for 89 degree test molasses sugars. A steamer cargo of Philippine Island sugars has arrived at Breakwater and been placed with the refiners on private terms. One cargo of Java sugars, arrived unsold, has been stored in Philadelphia,

With the passage of the Cuban treaty by the Senate, with the amendment requiring confirmation by both houses of Congress, the value of Cuban sugars is established upon the basis of the Hamburg beet sugar market until such time as the treaty is ratified as above, which may not be done until all of

on the local market the month end disclosed the fact that March had been far from a banner period, but the business had been above that of the preceding thirty days. In all 1,715 shares were transferred on the board. Of these there was an apparent decline of a half in Ewa and a point in Waialua, Pioneer advancing one point, the other shares holding their own. In the miscellaneous list, Rapid Transit scored a substantial advance. The month end dividends were: C. Brewer & Co., 1 per cent; Ewa plantation, ½ per cent; Kahuku, 2 per cent; Wilder S. S. Co., 3 per cent; Inter-Island S. N. Co., 1 per cent; Hawaiian Electric Co., 1/2 per cent; Waimanalo, 1 per

The market for the week was commonplace. Honomu showed an advance of five points on a sale of twenty-four shares, now being \$105. Five Pioneer sold at par, and ten Waialua at \$55. These, with 84 McBryde at \$4.75, a quarter swell, completed the week's market.

Inter-Island likewise showed a five point advance, selling in a block of ten at \$115.50, while Rapid Transit sold twice, in all 35 shares, at \$75. The saic was recorded of \$20,000 of Kahuku bonds. This sale was made as a result of the selling of the Ewa securities from a trust, where it was determined wise to secure a longer lived bond. The price in each case was par,

Berry's semi-monthly financial circular says, among other things: "Through sources of its own the Report learns that a number of the most influential men in Congress are opposed to the plan of having the lands of the Territory administered from Washington, having declared themselves in favor of home rule in the strictest sense for the new territory. However, it is added that the land laws will be changed in several respects quite materially. Senator L. L. McCandless of the Territorial Legislature had prepared several acts making body could not touch upon this subject. It was learned, incidentally, legal authority that, under the provisions of the Organic Act, the local lawmaking body could not toush upon this subject. It was learned, incidentally, that Governor Dole had for a long time held this view which was not even brought out at the time the Senatorial Commission was in the Islands. Copies of the report of this commission, by the way, are now in the hands of many Very little interest is taken in the heavy volume.

"There is to be considerable discussion over the legislation proposing to equire insurance companies doing business in the Territory to either make investments in Island realty or make a deposit of home bonds with the Treasurer as an earnest in general. The sum first proposed as a bona fide was \$25,000. On the first reading of the bill this was reduced to \$12,000 and stands there. It is contended that any company getting business of any volume here should be willing to place a small sum in the Territory. Several of the companies are already owners of Island properties or securities. a matter of fact, there should be an Insurance Commissioner amongst the Territorial officers having the duty of passing upon the qualification of insurance companies to do business in the Islands. At first this office might be coupled with that of say Auditor. With such an officer there would be a good working basis for the growth of the insurance company supervision so advantageous and satisfactory in the Eastern States generally and often met with in the West.

There has been a little talk to the effect that the Oahu Railway and Land Company had under serious consideration the proposal to parallel its steam line with an electric line. This has been promptly denied at headquarters."

REAL ESTATE. The market for real estate is dead entirely, except where some private

interest succeeds in making a light transfer. The contract for the Kerr block was let yesterday. At the last moment the constructors withdrew from the contract with the Elks, and the building will be only two stories. There will be less of the gingerbread finish at the top, and the whole will be a solidly substantial storeroom. The building will be done by John Walker at \$22,500.

It is hoped by the Odd Fellows to have the plans and the specifications

for their new building ready for the contractors within the week. There was a miscue about the sale of the brick building on the lot on Friday. The upset price was \$1,000, and there were no bidders. The old building therefore will be allowed to stand. The contractors for the new one will bid for the material that there is almost an entire absence in the old one. The bricks are in fine condition,

BEAUTIFULSK

Soft White Hands **Luxuriant Hair Produced by** CUTICURA SO/

purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening. whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the tollet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTS-CURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients, and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines, in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour.

Consisting of CUTICURA SCAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irre-tion, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. 1 SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest humours, with loss of hair, when all falls. Sold throughout the world. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," post free, of Aust. Depot, R. Towns & Co., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chanceller SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant. Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and re regretted to my to had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1864.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITH-OUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARR-HOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient. Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true paliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLL' BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1½d, 2s 3d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturers, J T Davenport. 33 Great Russell St., London.

THE LABOR MOVE-

(Continued from Page 6.)

erward refusing them work was severely commented upon. Mr. Richley was not present at the meeting to defend himself. A motion to appoint a committee of one to wait on cit'zens employing alien labor carried and A. R. Hancock was appointed by the chair. It was suggested that this committeeman present a petition asking the employers to give preference to citizens at a wage in advance of that paid to Orientals for the reason that the American cannot live as cheaply as the Japaucee or Chinaman.

tion the chair appointed the following collecting fish of strange species ever committee to prepare a constitution and by-laws; Reece R. Richards, A. R. Hancock, I. Errickson, John Bohnenberg. W. Todd, Frank Bento, E. Wery, P. Hale, T. B. Ah Leong, C. Lehmann, E. Fuhr. The general chairman to be an ex-officio member.

COOPER ON HILO.

Dr. C. B. Cooper, president of the Board of Health, made a careful inspection with Federal Quarantine Officer Dr. Cofer during his visit in Hilo last week. He found where the town is tacking in appliances in connection with sanitary work and will see that they are furnished. He brought up with him a complete fumigating plant of approved pattern and placed it in charge of Dr. Stow. Don S. Bowman, sanitary officer, will operate it necessary. Dr. Cofer appointed Mr. Bowman federal sanitary officer. Dr looper investigated the fish markets and decided to recommend a retail license in conjunction with the present wholesale market at Waiakea, and to issue a wholesale license for the Serrao market. He stated further that fishermen would be allowed to land their fish at the Walluku and Waiakea rivers where they would be inspected before being put on sale. onnection with these changes the make substantial additions to their building. Tanks in which fish may be kept will be provided. It is probable that a solicitor will be employed to call at private residences to take orders for fish and to deliver them. Mr. fishermen may land their boats there. In speaking of the needs of Hilo in a

sanitary way, Dr. Cooper said that the feeling still exists in Honolulu that Hilo is a mere village. thought could and should be corrected. He favored the appointment of a food ommissioner and believed an appropriation could be had for the purpose. He deems it necessary, also, that all milch cows on the island be examined for tuberculosis and would see that an order to that effect would be issued.

BAD ROADS.

The Herald says:

Every person driving through Hamakua complains of the condition of the government road in that district. After a rain the wheels of vehicles are hub deep in the mud for the reason of rock in the composition of the road. filling a long felt want.

Appropriations, large and small, but principally small, have been made for road building in that district and with MENT ON HAWAII but very poor results. Government officials who have gone over the line have, unfortunately in most instances, done so when the weather was fair and, consequently, have not a true conception of the condition of the road at other seasons. It seems to the Herald that a concerted movement on the part of residents, with possibly a change or two in the personnel of the road board, would result in giving Hamakua a road equal to the best on the island and one that would answer as well in wet as in dry seasons.

MINOR MATTERS.

John Hering has been appointed fish inspector for Hilo. Mr. Hering has In the matter of permanent organiza- been acting for Stanford University in since the commissioners under Prof. Jordan were here months ago. He is well fitted for the position of inspector and the appointment is favorably commented upon.

A new parsonage 35x50 feet is in course of erection upon the Halli church grounds. It will be completed within a month. The basement is designed to accommodate Sunday School clasees. Upon completion of the parsonage a thank offering luau will be given to which all the people are invited.

It should make no difference to residents of Hilo who owns the electric railway when it is completed. If the electric company finds it advantageous to sell the franchise when approved by Congress there should be no objections Hilo is one of the few towns in the United States without a street car service and it needs one badly. If the proposed line can be controlled by local capital so much the better but if it cannot be then let foreign capital come in and build it. The average patron of the road will not be able to distinguish the difference.-Herald.

WHAT IS PAIN BALM?

Chamberlain's Pain Balm is a liniment, and while adapted to all the orowners of the Waiakea market will dinary uses of a liniment, has qualities which distinguish it from other remedies of this class. Pain Balm is especially beneficial for rheumatism. Thousands of cases can be cited in which this remedy has effected a cure when the sufferer had previously tried the Serrao will build a landing at the best medical service without securing mouth of the Wailuku river so that relief. Pain Balm is positively guaranteed to give relief in the most severe cases of chronic or acute rheumatism.

Pain Balm heals bruises, burns and calds in less time than any other treatment. It is "antiseptic," that is, it prevents putrefaction, and by so doing generally prevents an unsightly scar remaining after the injury is healed. For lame back, lumbago and neuralgia, Pain Balm has no equal. It has the quality of "getting to the right spot." No sufferer from these distressing af-fections should defer a trial of this One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists self it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

The Commercial and Official Record has come to stay. It is



ARRIVED.

Friday, April 3. Am. bk. Haydn Brown, Asplund,

from Newcastle. Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Lahaina, Maalaca., Kona and Kau ports, at 6 a. m., with 8,400 bags sugar, 146 bags taro, 31 head cattle, 356 pkgs.

Saturday, April 4. Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, from Hilo and

way ports. Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, from Lanai, Maui and Molokai ports, at 5:40 a. m., with 1410 bags sugar, 188 sheep, 21 hogs, 40 pkgs, sundries.

Stmr. Walaleale, Mosher, from Kihues, Ahukini and Makaweli, at 2:45 a. m., with 3516 bags sugar, 5 pkgs, sun-

Stmr. Niihau, W. Thompson, from Makaweli, at 6:20 a. m., with 7,000 bags sugar and 2 pkgs, sundries. Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Laha-

ma, Kukuihaele and Honokaa, at 3:15 a. m., with 4,384 bags sugar, 20 bdls. coal bags, 2 boxes carboys, 1 crate machinery, 6 pkgs, sundries.

Sunday, April 5. W. S. S. Claudine, Parker, from Maui ports. I.-I. S. S. W. G. Hall, S. Thompson,

from Kauai ports. W. S. S. Kinau, Clarke, from Moloani, with legislative party, about mid-

Monday, April 6. S. S. Hongkong Maru, Filmer, from Orient, at 2:30 p. m. Am. schr. Rosamond, Johnson, 18

days from San Francisco, at 7 a. m. Am. schr. Alice Cooke, Penhallow, 21 days from Port Gamble, at 7 a. m. Am. schr. Admiral, Jense, 56 days from Newcastle, at 10:45 a. m.

DEPARTED.

Friday, April 3. T. K. K. S. S. America Maru, Going, for Yokohama, at 4 p. m.

Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, for Kalaupapa, at 10 p. m., with members of legislative party to Leper Settlement.

Sunday, April 5. Am. sp. Marion Chilcott, Williams, for San Francisco.

Monday, April 6. Schr. Luka, Kalua, for Kohalalele, at

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Lahaina, Kaanapali, Honokaa and Kukulhaele, Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Tullett, for Ana-

hola, Kapaa, Kilauca, Hanalel and Kalihiwai, at 5 p. m. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for

Schr. Lady, for Koolau ports, at 5

Schr. Kawailani, Ulunahele, at 5 p. m. Br. schr. Geneva, Jones, for Victoria,

Am. bktn. Fullerton, McDonald, for San Francisco, probably sail in after-

Stmr. Lehua, Naopala, for Molokai ports, at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

Per stmr. Mauna Loa, April 3, from Kau: Mrs. C. C. Sisco, Ah Ching Loo, Ching Ling, H. Gorman, J. F. Cusby, H. L. Kerr, L. Lesser, E. C. Storber and wife, A. F. Wald and wife; from Kona: Miss Tinker, Miss Beard and servant, Mrs. F. Godfrey, Mrs. F. Maddra, A. Hanneberg, P. A. Dias and wife, Miss Dias, L. J. Warren and wife; from Maalaea: P. S. Shoemaker, C. K. Myers, D. H. Case, Sister Aritonia, A. S. Hartwell, W. O. Smith, T. Robinson; from Lahaina: Philip Pali and wife, J. A. Thompson, E. C. Peters,

Per stmr. Lehua, April 4, from Kamalo.-Dr. Holan. Per stmr. Ke Au Hou, April 3, from

Kauni ports.-E. R. Keny and 2 deck. Per stmr. Kinau, April 4, from 1140 and way ports -- Mrs. Goslinsky, B. F. Pearson and wife, C. L. Weaver, T. C. Ridgway, Mrs. S. C. Ridgway, P. Peck, W. Hoogs, Major Harris, Mrs. H. Bell, H. H. Perry, W. J. Dyer, Rev. G. L. Pearson, Mrs. P. P. Woods, Chas. F. Chillingworth, A. W. Carter, Mrs. S. L. Austin, T. W. Ferguson, Mrs. Harris, Miss Piler, Miss Adrine Gordon, Mrs. Patterson, Miss Sarah Kea, J. G. Grib-ble, Rev. J. Matthews, wife and two children, P. E. Lemar, Miss Lizzie Manaka, Rev. N. C. Harris, Rev. T. Ko-mura, Rev. G. Motokawa, Rev. T. Takahashi, J. L. Coke and 90 deck.

Per stmr. W. G. Hall, from Kauai ports, April 5.-Miss Harwood, Miss Grau, Miss E. Kaipu, W. E. Rowell, C. Buzzell, Charles Herrick, E. C. Brown, Miss M. Kanahu, A. L. Rodriguez, Miss Haedt, Miss F. Bush. Miss A. Bush, L. H. Miller, S. Shelba. Ainslee, J. Riques, J. McKay, L. Rogers, Ah Yoke, Chang Sai, Mrs. Chang Sai, Hia Kwong, Miss Ah Hing, Miss Kim Ho, Mrs. Ah Yung, Ah Yung, Mr. Ahana.

Shipping Notes.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The sealing schooner Geneva expects to get away for Victoria today. The bark Carrolton is discharging her cargo of nitrates at the Hackfeld

The ship Marion Chilcott sailed for the Coast yesterday with her big oil tanks filled with water ballast,

The Kinau's cargo consisted of 40 bundles hides, 25 cords wood, 5 cows and 1 calf, 16 hogs, 1 horse, 185 pgks.

Hawatlan-American freighter American was busy discharging her cargo at the Railway wharf all day

The Inter-Island boats report good weather on the garden isle. The chan-nels, however, have been choppy for

The Inter-Island steamer W. G. Hall came into port early yesterday morn-ing with a big list of passengers and som bags of eugar. HOUSE GETS DOWN TO WORK

(Continued from page 5.)

the Appropriation bill of an item of \$10,000 for repairs to Kinau street. To be considered with the bill. Senator Crabbe introduced a bill providing for the appointment by the Treasurer of a deputy registrar of pub-lic accounts. Passed first reading.

Senator Baldwin introduced a bill to authorize foreclosure and sale and forced lien of shipping companies and other common carriers. Passed first reading.

WINSTON FRANCHISE KILLED.

The Winston franchise bill was killed on third reading. Senator McCandless waived his privilege in favor of Senator Kalauokalani, who previously had caused the bill to go back to committee because of the objections of Dillingham. He spoke now in favor of the Queen street route but still said this should not be done if it interfered with the rights of the Oahu Railway. He said however that he intended to vote for the bill and all Senators should do the same.

Senator C. Brown said the Senate was anxious to grant the privilege and the only question was as to the route. He did not believe in the Queen street route because the extension of that road would make a second Kewalo. Then again the Queen street extension would not be made in time to allow the building of the road within two years as required by the franchise. The land also was private property and

would have to first be condemned. Senator Achi replied that the argument of Senator Brown didn't amount to a row of pins; that the government did not own the land for the Vinevard street extension either. On Queen street the Bishop Eestate and Achl were willing to give the right of way for nothing. There was no reason to delay because the government didn't own streets; the Oahu Rallway had to condemn its right of way too. Senator Brown, he said, talked like a baby. He favored giving a franchise to any one having money. If this franchise was given, in five years, small farmers out Katihi way would be raising cabbages and onions and everything needed for the whole country.

"Raising them now and can't sell them." interrupted Isenberg.

Senator Baldwin said he wasn', an advocate of the Oahu Rail and had opposed the company in asking for wharf rights. But the legislature had granted yards and terminals and it wasn't right to permit another comto go through these depot ds. "What kind of a state of grounds. things would we have if we granted one company a privilege that had already been given to some one else. wrong I say," said Baldwin, "I don't see why they press so strongly this going into the Oahu Railway's yards."

ONLY WANT CROSSINGS.

Senator McCandless replied that the Winston railroad had to get to the waterfront if there was to be any benefit to the people. The company would go 300 feet from the Oahu Railway depot and intended to cross the tracks only three times on the way to the wharves. The Oahu Rallway with a subsidy of \$3500 a mile had refused to build this extension. Senator McCandless said there should be a law anyway requiring all railroads to come to a full stop

when crossing another railway's tracks, Senator Kaiue as a member of the committee said he did not believe in infringing on rights already granted. He suggested that Winston advocate another route in order to avoid law suits.

Senator McCandless moved that a vote on the report, which was against the Queen street route, be taken. Ayes and noes were called as follows: Ayes -Baldwin, Brown, J. T. Brown, Dickey, Isenberg, Paris, Kaiue, Nakapaahu, Wilcox, Woods, 10. Noes-Achi, Kalauokalani, McCandless, Kaohi and Crabbe, 5. Senator McCandless then moved that the bill be tabled, refusing to accept the franchise in the amended form. Carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Senate Bill 46, enlarging the powers of banks, was taken up in the after-noon. Senator Brown defended the bill as against the adverse report of the Public Expenditures Committee. He said he had amendments ready to cure the defects complained of by the committee. He proposed to prohibit banks from engaging in agricultural or manufacturing business. On motion of Senator Brown the bill was considered section by section.

Section 1 was stricken out altogether. In Section 2 Senator Brown moved to strike out the portion prohibiting banks from holding real estate for a longer period than five years. Carried.

Senator Brown moved the insertion of a clause to permit the holding of real estate. Senator McCandless opposed this as allowing the banks to engage in the real estate business-a speculative trade. He argued that the depositors should be protected in every way. Senator Baldwin said it simply allowed the holding of real property as security. Senator Brown stated that banks all over the United States were given the privilege now asked. Senator Achi sald that the banks now could speculate in stocks. The amendment carried.

Senator Brown stated that the pres ent banking act was drawn by Judge Preston and had been taken from the English law and National Banking act. Senator Dickey moved to strike out the section giving banks power to act as trustees, administrators, guardians,

executors and on powers of attorney. Senator Brown opposed this saving that corporations should be given these powers as they existed always. He said the country should progress, and ideas from the mainland be adopted. Senator Dickey replied that he was opposed to banks doing a trust business. He also was against the idea of plantations doing other business, run-

ning stores, blacksmith shops, etc. The amendment was lost. Senator Brown proposed an amendment prohibiting the carrying on of an agricultural, commercial, common car rier or manufacturing business. Adopt-

The bill passed second reading-to be read a third time Wednesday.

NEW FOOD LAW.

reading with an amendment reducing for Hawaii.

the minimum fine of \$25 or 30 days' imprisonment to \$10 and making the maximum \$200. Senator Dickey stated there might be cases where the seller might be innocent. Senator Achi was against a change and said many bables had been killed by watered milk.

Senator Isenberg said it was due to formally. Senator McCandless wanted the prison penalty cut out. Senator Brown remarked that three of the Senators were in the milk [pikelness-Isenberg, Achi and McCandless. There was no second to McCandless' motion. There were fifteen ayes on the fina passage of the bill.

BILLS REFERRED.

Senate bills on second reading were referred as follows: Settling exceptions by circuit judges, to Judiciary; militia organization, to Miscellaneous; 159 relating to explosives, 138 repealing the law on liquid explosives, and 139 inspection of explosives, were all referred to the Miscellaneous Committee; No. 160 providing for inspection of electrical installation, to Public Lands; No. 137 exempting street railways in process of construction, to Ways and Means: No. 157 redemption of taxes, to Ways and

MORE BILLS PASS. Senate Bill No. 118 making a change

in the partnership laws passed with fifteen ayes. Senate Bill No. 121 providing for the publication of the U.S. Court reports passed third reading unanimously.

Senate Bill No. 110 providing for a of 1895 passed third reading; Kalauokalani and Kaohi voting against it. Senate Bill No. 110 amending the taxation laws relating to poll tax was called up on third reading. Senator Baldwin moved the striking out of Sections 2 and 3. Carried. Section 4 was also stricken out. Senator Baldwin proposed an amendment making any personal property of a poll-tax delinquent liable to seizure by the assessor. Thirty per cent may be added to the amount due for poll tax and the seized property can be sold on three hours' notice. The amendment was not pressed and the bill went back to the enrollment committee for revision, being in a rather mixed up condition.

Senate Bill No. 140, providing for the quarantine of animals, passed third reading unanimously.

Senate Bill No. 142, amending the law relating to the sale of kerosene, passed for the third time with 15 ayes.

Senate Bill No. 148, amending the law relating to the Hilo Fire Department, assed; J. T. Brown voted "no" and Achi then changed his vote to "no," saying if a Hilo man didn't want it he didn't either. Then Brown changed his vote to "yes" and Achi changed The bill passed with fifteen

The bill repealing the law for the importation of foreign goods marked as if Hawalian passed with the same vote. Senate Bill No. 152, amending the law for the protection of birds, also passed unanimously,

House Bill No. 157, providing for the acquisition of the Pauoa Valley springs, passed first reading.

LIMIT BOND ISSUE.

Senator McCandless introduced a joint resolution providing that the total amount of bonds to be issued within the coming biennial period shall be lim-Ited to \$1,000,000.

The introducer said there should not be an issue of \$2,500,000, for as shown by the plantations twenty-five per cent f the money would be wasted, because of the hurry of officials to spend it all within the two years. Better results could be obtained by the judicious expenditure of one million dollars.

Senator Baldwin agreed with Mc-Candless, but said that it should be borne in mind that the bonds were for four years' improvements and not for two years, and that the improvements were urgently needed.

Senator Achi wanted the resolution considered with the loan bill. Senator McCandless replied that there was a disposition on the part of business men to oppose the loan of \$3,000,000 and he had been told that if the law was passed there would be a fight at Washington to prevent the President from sign-

The motion to lay on the table carried, 14 to 1. Adjourned.

VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. Tug Iroquois, Rodman. MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.) Annie Johnson, Am. bk., Nelson, San Francisco, March 28.

Archer, Am. bktn., Calhoun, San Francisco, March 28. Carrollton, Am. bk., Gordon, Newcas-

tle. March 28. Diamond Head, Am. bk., Peterson, San Francisco, March 29.

Emily F. Whitney, Am. sp., Wirchuleit, Caleta Buena (Iquique), March 31. Geneva, Br. schr., Vancouver, in dis-

Haydn Brown, Am. bk., Asplund, Newcastle, April 3.

Helene, Am. schr., Christianson, San Francisco, April 2.

Ivanhoe, Br. bk., Grant, Iquique, March 19. Marion Chilcott, Am. sp., Williams, San

Francisco, April 1. Paramita, Am. sp., Backus, Newcastle, Feb. 21 (in distress).

W. H. Marston, Am. schr., Curtis, San Francisco, April 2.

HILO SHIPPING. Vessels in Port-Bark Santiago,

Younggren. Sailed-March 17: A.-H. steamer Arizonan, Lyons, for Delaware Break-water, with 1,300 tons Olaa and Pepeekee sugar. Complete cargo, 11,004 tons. March 17: Bark Martha Davis, Mc-Allman, for San Francisco.

WHOOPING COUGH if neglected, eads to more serious diseases. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will keep the cough loose, allay the irritation and counteract any tendency toward pneumonia. It always cures and The bill providing against the adultural quickly. All Dealers and Druggists sell teration of food and drugs passed third it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents quickly. All Dealers and Druggists sell

Kahului Shipping. Arrivals-April I, S. S. Claudine, Parker, from Honolulu.

April 4, S. S. Claudine, Parker, from

Hana.

Honolulu.

Departures-Mar. 30, S. S. Nevadan, Follet, for Honolulu.

April 1, S. S. Claudine, Parker, for April 4, S. S. Claudine, Parker, for

Shipping on Hawaii.

[Special by Wireless Telegraph.] HILO, Hawaii, April 4.-The Defender will leave Honoipu, Kohala, Monday with a full load of sugar. The Santiago salls tomorrow. The Rhoderick Dhu arrived here at noon, eighteen days out from San Francisco. The weather is very warm and the indications are for rain at Honokaa.

Sugar Made and Shipped.

[Special by Wireless Telegraph.] HILO, Hawaii, April 4.-The following is a statement of the sugar milled and shipped so far from the local plantations: Olaa, 14,076 tons, shipped 9,927; Walakea, 3,700 tons, shipped 2,150; Pepeekeo, 3,250 tons, shipped 2,832; Papaaloa has made 3,150 tons.

A native who lives in the Kalihi Camp, by name Keka Kahllepulu, had commission to settle the British claims a disagreement with his wife in the early hours of yesterday morning, and as a result of this little domestic difficulty went after the lady with a razor and, catching her by the hair, proceeded to cut her in the neck, inflicting a serious though not fatal wound. He swore, however, that he would kill herand when the woman, not being subdued by his heroic treatment, broke away from him and continued the conjugal quarrel, he started for her again, razor in hand, this time with the declared purpose of finishing her.

At this point some of his neighbors in the camp interfered, facilitating the woman's escape from the infuriated man and Keka was turned over to the police and taken to the station, where charge of assault with a deadly weapon was made against him.

A VITAL DIFFERENCE.

When caught in heavy gales at sea the fishermen of Norway often used cod liver oil to break the force of the waves. They do this by squeezing the cod livers over the raging water. For this purpose the oil in its natural state is perfectly adapted. But when you come to think of it as a remedy for consumption and other wasting complaints it is quite a different matter. To eat fat does not prevent the loss of fat, or flesh; much less does it put flesh on. That is why there is no foundation whatever for the faith some badly informed persons have in plain cod liver oil as a remedy. Any starchy food, such as rice, is more fattening than any oil, but all starchy foods are horribly indigestible, and so is plain cod liver oil; and good digestion is of all things necessary to invalids. On the other hand pure cod liver oil contains medicinal principles of a high order, but to be of use to the sick they must first be extracted from the abominable grease and scientifically blended with other curative and nutrient substances of equal value. This has always been successfully accomplished in WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION

which is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. In this scientific union of ingredients we have the perfect flesh-maker and life-giver, with a successful record in Anemia, Scrofula, Throat and Lung Troubles, and all diseases of the blood. Contains the gold of cod liver oil freed from its base metals. One bottle convinces. Regins its seed work with the first dose. Sold by all chemists here and everywhere throughout the world.



Storm-proof, effective, for ventilating factories of all kinds, public build-ings, residences, etc.

Merchant's Metal "Spanish" Tiles Ornamental, Storm-Proof, Easily

These tiles are recommended by leading architects, engineers and builders of first class buildings.

Merchant's "Gothic" Shingles, copper, galvanized steel screw plates.

Send for illustrated book-let of our precipities would from upon applications. specialties, mailed free upon appli-cation. MERCHANT & CO., Inc., Sole Manufacturers, 517 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

T. K. JAMES, Proprietor.

Private apartments en suite and sinris. Finest appointed and furnished souse in Hawali. Mosquito proof out. Hotel street, near Alakes. insured for \$800.

Varicose veins and the sores which usually follow as a natural consequence can be robbed of their pain and discomfort by the continued and liberal use of Kickapoo Indian Oil. It will reduce the swollen veins, drive the blood along through the other veins and arteries and strengthen and invigorate the tissues affected, restoring them to a normal condition. ickapooU

For 20 years I was troubled with Varicose Veins in my right leg. For the last 3 years the leg was very much swollen below the knee, and finally it broke open. I could get nothing to heal it until I tried Kickapoo Indian Oil. It helped me at once and now I have used 4 bottles and it has healed my leg up and the soreness has entirely left it. I consider Kickapoo Indian Oil a wonderful remedy after my experience with it."-Lorenze Huntly, Niles, Wis.

Reduces Varicose Veins



23 cts. a Bottle at all Druggists HOBRON DRUG CO. DISTRIBUTORS

Vanilia Bean Culture

R. V. Woods of Kealakekua has taken a long lease of twenty acres of land in North Kona for the purpose of vanilla cuture. He has recently put in more than 1,000 cuttings, the majority of which are growing well. The latest market reports from London give vanilla beans of the species now being grown in South Kona as selling at 28s per pound, equal to \$5.75.

COURT NOTICES

DE SILVA ESATE.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII-AT CHAMBERS-IN PROBATE.

the Matter of the Estate of J. P. de Silva, of Kealia, Kauai, Deceased. Order of Notice of Hearing Petition for Allowance of Final Accounts, Distribution and Discharge.

On reading and filing the Petition and accounts of H. D. Wishard, Administrator of the Estate of J. P. de Silva, wherein he asks to be allowed \$2439.46 and he charges himself with \$8271.88, and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in his hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging him and his sureties from all further responsibility as such Admin-

day of April, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock said, consists of: a. m., before the Judge of said Court First: All that at the Court Room of the said Court at Libue, Island of Kauai, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said Petition and Accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property. And that notice of this Order, in the English language, be published in the Hawaiian Gazette

Dated at Lihue, this 20th day of March, 1903.

G2472-Mar. 24, 31, April 7.

JNO. A. PALMER.

FORECLOSURES

OF SALE.

AMOY SILVA. MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION OF FORECLOSURE AND

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the power of sale contained that certain mortgage dated June 26th A. D. 1897, made by Amoy Silva. wife of M. E. Silva of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, Mortga-gor, to Maria L. Hoffmann, of said Honolulu, Mortgagee, (since deceased) and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 170, pages 396-7, I, W. O. Smith, Executor of the last will and testament of said Maria L. Hoffmann deceased, intend to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit: the non-payment of principal when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by the said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan,

Queen Street, said Honolulu, on Saturday the 25 day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock, noon of said day. The property covered by said mort-gage and intended to be sold as aforesaid consists of all that piece or parcel of land situate at Kamakela, said Ho-

nolulu, and bounded and described as Commencing at the North-west corner of this lot at angle of two lots and

running: Street. 2. N. 7014° E. 135.0 feet along the Southern portion of this residence.

3. N. 30° W. 36 feet along wooden fence. 4. S. 75° W. 115.4 feet along Northern portion of this residence to the initial point, and containing an area of 115-1000 of an acre, and being a portion of Royal Patent No. 1758, L. C. A. 980, and being the same premises conveyed to said Amoy Silva by deed of J D. Holt, Junior, dated March 9, 1894, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu,

Together with all the improvements, rights, easements, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging.

in Liber 146, pages 195-6.

There is a cottage on said premises

Terms cash, United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the pur-

For further particulars apply to W. O. Smith, Judd Building, Honolulu. Dated Honolulu, March 26, 1903. WILLIAM O. SMITH, Executor of will of Maria L. Hoffmann.

deceased. March 27,-Apr. 24.

EMILY SANFORD.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated August 27, 1900, made by EMILY SANFORD. of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, Mortgagor, to W. O. Smith, Trustee for S. W. Wilcox, of said Honolulu, Mortgagee, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 214, pages 154-6, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condition broken, to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest when due.

Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by the said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the Auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen Street, said Honolulu, on Saturday the 25th day of April, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property covered by said mort-It is ordered, that Thursday, the 23rd gage and intended to be sold as afore-

First: All that piece or parcel of land situate on Quarry Street, at Kulaokahua in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, containing an area of 6000 square feet. more or less, and being the same premises that were conveyed to W. H. Winchester by deed of W. E. Foster, Trustee, dated August 21, 1895, and recorded in Liber 155, page 272, and further described as being a portion of Royal Patent (Grant) No. 3564, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the makai newspaper printed and published in side of Quarry Street 200 7-10 feet from Honolulu, for three successive weeks, the South side of Alapai Street extenthe last publication to be not less than two weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

sion, thence running by true bearings:
South 37° 31' West 120 feet along Portuguese Club premises; thence South 52° 30' East 50 feet along Lot 511: thence

North 37° 30' East 120 feet, and North 52° 30' West 50 feet along Quarry Street; area 6000 square feet

Second: All those certain lots, tracts, pieces or parcels of land situate on Cartwright Road near J. M. McDonald's residence at Waikiki in said Honolulu, being lots 35, 36 and 37, Kekio Tract, containing an area of 15000 square feet, having a frontage on said Cartwright Road of 150 feet and a depth of 100 feet, and a part of Royal Petent No. 5667 Land Commision Award No. 5931, and the same premises that were conveyed to the said W. H. Winchester by deed of W. C. Achl, Trustee, and C. B. Maile, Trustee, dated May 11, 1897 and recorded in Liber 167, page 442. The above premises were conveyed to

the said Mortgagor by deed of said W. H. Winchester dated August 3, 1900, and recorded in Liber 210 page 194. Together with all the improvements, rights, easements, privileges and ap-

purtenances thereto belonging. There is a house on the Quarry Street premises insured for \$400. Terms cash, United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the pur-

For further particulars apply to W. O. Smith, Judd Building, Honolulu. Dated Honolulu, March 26, 1903. WILLIAM O. SMITH, for S. W. Wilcox, Mortgagee. March 27,-Apr. 24.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On and after the 25th of April, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of J. Kaelemakule, Kailua, N. Kona, Hawali, may be applied for under conditions of 1. S. 4° E. 46-14 feet along Front the Land Act of 1895, for Right of Pur-

Location. 599 A. Alika, S. Kona, Hawaii. 5. 599 A. Alika, S. Kona, Hawaii.

For further particulars apply at the office of J. Kaelemakule, Kailua, N. Kona, Hawaii, or the Public Land Office, Honolulu.

EDWARD S. BOYD. Commissioner of Public Lands. Public Land Office, Honolulu, March

G2473-Mar. 27, 31, April 3.

chase Leases: Appraised Lot. Area. Value. 669 A. Alika, S. Kona, Hawaii. \$669.00 599 A. Alika, S. Kona, Hawaii. 599.00 599 A. Alika, S. Kona, Hawaii. 599.00

23, 1903.